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**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, DC 20549**



**Form 10-Q**



* **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017**

**or**

* **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from**

**to**

**Commission file number: 001‑37935**



**Acushnet Holdings Corp.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)



|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Delaware** | **45‑5644353** |
| (State or other jurisdiction of | (I.R.S. Employer |
| incorporation or organization) | Identification No.) |
| **333 Bridge Street** |  |
| **Fairhaven, Massachusetts** | **02719** |
| (Address of principal executive offices) | (Zip Code) |
| **(800) 225‑8500** |  |
| (Registrant’s telephone number, including area code) |  |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer”, “accelerated filer”, “smaller reporting company” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b‑2 of the Exchange Act.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Large accelerated ☐ | Accelerated filer ☐ |
| Non-accelerated filer ☒ | Smaller reporting company ☐ |
| (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) |  |
|  | Emerging growth company ☐ |

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b‑2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒ The registrant had 74,451,977 shares of common stock outstanding as of August 4, 2017.



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**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**FORM 10-Q**

**FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2017**

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**SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), which are subject to the “safe harbor” created by that section. These forward-looking statements are included throughout this report, including in the section entitled “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” and relate to matters such as our industry, business strategy, goals and expectations concerning our market position, future operations, margins, profitability, capital expenditures, liquidity and capital resources and other financial and operating information. We have used the words “anticipate,” “assume,” “believe,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “plan,” “potential,” “predict,” “project,” “future,” “will,” “seek,” “foreseeable” and similar terms and phrases to identify forward-looking statements in this report.

The forward-looking statements contained in this report are based on management’s current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. We cannot assure you that future developments affecting us will be those that we have anticipated. Actual results may differ materially from these expectations due to changes in global, regional or local economic, business, competitive, market, regulatory and other factors, many of which are beyond our control. We believe that these factors include, but are not limited to:

* a reduction in the number of rounds of golf played or in the number of golf participants;
* unfavorable weather conditions may impact the number of playable days and rounds played in a given year;
* macroeconomic factors may affect the number of rounds of golf played and related spending on golf products;
* demographic factors may affect the number of golf participants and related spending on our products;
* a significant disruption in the operations of our manufacturing, assembly or distribution facilities;
* our ability to procure raw materials or components of our products;
* a disruption in the operations of our suppliers;
* cost of raw materials and components;
* currency transaction and translation risk;
* our ability to successfully manage the frequent introduction of new products;
* our reliance on technical innovation and high-quality products;
* changes of the Rules of Golf with respect to equipment;
* our ability to adequately enforce and protect our intellectual property rights;
* involvement in lawsuits to protect, defend or enforce our intellectual property rights;
* our ability to prevent infringement of intellectual property rights by others;
* recent changes to U.S. patent laws and proposed changes to the rules of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office;
* intense competition and our ability to maintain a competitive advantage in each of our markets;

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* limited opportunities for future growth in sales of golf balls, golf shoes and golf gloves;
* our customers’ financial condition, their levels of business activity and their ability to pay trade obligations;
* a decrease in corporate spending on our custom logo golf balls;
* our ability to maintain and further develop our sales channels;
* consolidation of retailers or concentration of retail market share;
* our ability to maintain and enhance our brands;
* seasonal fluctuations of our business;
* fluctuations of our business based on the timing of new product introductions;
* risks associated with doing business globally;
* compliance with laws, regulations and policies, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the “FCPA”) or other applicable anti-corruption legislation;
* our ability to secure professional golfers to endorse or use our products;
* negative publicity relating to us or the golfers who use our products or the golf industry in general;
* our ability to accurately forecast demand for our products;
* a disruption in the service or increase in cost, of our primary delivery and shipping services or a significant disruption at shipping ports;
* our ability to maintain our information systems to adequately perform their functions;
* cybersecurity risks;
* the ability of our eCommerce systems to function effectively;
* occurrence of natural disasters or pandemic diseases;
* impairment of goodwill and identifiable intangible assets;
* our ability to attract and/or retain management and other key employees and hire qualified management, technical and manufacturing personnel;
* our ability to prohibit sales of our products by unauthorized retailers or distributors;
* terrorist activities and international political instability;
* our ability to grow our presence in existing international markets and expand into additional international markets;
* tax uncertainties, including potential changes in tax laws, unanticipated tax liabilities and limitations on utilization of tax attributes after any change of control;

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* adequate levels of coverage of our insurance policies;
* product liability, warranty and recall claims;
* litigation and other regulatory proceedings;
* compliance with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations;
* our ability to secure additional capital on terms acceptable to us and potential dilution of holders of our common stock;
* our estimates or judgments relating to our critical accounting policies;
* our substantial leverage, ability to service our indebtedness, ability to incur more indebtedness and restrictions in the agreements governing our indebtedness;
* a sale, foreclosure, liquidation or other transfer of the shares of our common stock owned by Magnus Holdings Co., Ltd. (“Magnus”) as a result of the term loan agreement entered into by Magnus to finance the purchase of shares of our common stock by Magnus in connection with our initial public offering;
* the ability of our controlling stockholder to control significant corporate activities, and our controlling stockholder’s interests may conflict with yours;
* the pledge by Fila Korea Co., Ltd. (“Fila Korea”) of the common stock of Magnus and any future pledges by Fila Korea of the common stock of Magnus;
* the insolvency laws of Korea are different from U.S. bankruptcy laws;
* our status as a controlled company;
* increased costs and regulatory requirements of operating as a public company;
* our ability to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting;
* our ability to pay dividends;
* dilution from future issuances or sales of our common stock;
* anti-takeover provisions in our organizational documents; and
* reports from securities analysts.

These factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included in this report. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of our assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in these forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement made by us in this report speaks only as of the date of this report. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures, investments or other

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strategic transactions we may make. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by any applicable securities laws.

**Website Disclosure**

We use our website (www.acushnetholdingscorp.com) as a channel of distribution of company information. The

information we post through this channel may be deemed material. Accordingly, investors should monitor this channel, in

addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. In addition, you may

automatically receive e-mail alerts and other information about Acushnet Holdings Corp. when you enroll your e-mail

address by visiting the “Resources” section of our website at

https://www.acushnetholdingscorp.com/investors/resources/default.aspx. The contents of our website are not, however, a part

of this report.

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**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **December 31,** |
| ***(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)*** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Assets** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and restricted cash ($14,827 and $13,811 attributable to the variable interest entity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ("VIE")) | $ | 80,897 | $ | 79,140 |  |
| Accounts receivable, net |  |  | 264,866 |  |  | 177,506 |  |
| Inventories ($12,170 and $14,633 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 294,936 |  |  | 323,289 |  |
| Other assets |  |  | 73,145 |  |  | 84,596 |  |
| Total current assets |  |  | 713,844 |  |  | 664,531 |  |
| Property, plant and equipment, net ($10,245 and $10,709 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 232,663 |  |  | 239,748 |  |
| Goodwill ($32,312 and $32,312 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 182,434 |  |  | 179,241 |  |
| Intangible assets, net |  |  | 485,616 |  |  | 489,988 |  |
| Deferred income taxes |  |  | 106,384 |  |  | 130,416 |  |
| Other assets ($2,624 and $2,642 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 31,907 |  |  | 32,247 |  |
| Total assets | $ | 1,752,848 | $ | 1,736,171 |  |
| **Liabilities and Equity** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term debt | $ | 75,622 | $ | 42,495 |  |
| Current portion of long-term debt |  |  | 23,750 |  |  | 18,750 |  |
| Accounts payable ($6,914 and $10,397 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 78,669 |  |  | 87,608 |  |
| Accrued taxes |  |  | 24,774 |  |  | 41,962 |  |
| Accrued compensation and benefits ($360 and $780 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 58,896 |  |  | 224,230 |  |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities ($3,231 and $4,121 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 66,032 |  |  | 47,063 |  |
| Total current liabilities |  |  | 327,743 |  |  | 462,108 |  |
| Long-term debt and capital lease obligations |  |  | 431,498 |  |  | 348,348 |  |
| Deferred income taxes |  |  | 6,269 |  |  | 7,452 |  |
| Accrued pension and other postretirement benefits ($1,723 and $1,946 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 139,892 |  |  | 135,339 |  |
| Other noncurrent liabilities ($3,697 and $3,368 attributable to the VIE) |  |  | 16,162 |  |  | 14,101 |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  | 921,564 |  |  | 967,348 |  |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholders' Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock, $0.001 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 74,451,977 and 74,093,598 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| shares issued and outstanding |  |  | 74 |  |  | 74 |  |
| Additional paid-in capital |  |  | 887,574 |  |  | 880,576 |  |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax |  |  | (88,338) |  |  | (90,834) |
| Retained deficit |  |  | (1,122) |  |  | (53,951) |
| Total equity attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. |  |  | 798,188 |  |  | 735,865 |  |
| Noncontrolling interests |  |  | 33,096 |  |  | 32,958 |  |
| Total shareholders' equity |  |  | 831,284 |  |  | 768,823 |  |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity |  | $ | 1,752,848 |  | $ | 1,736,171 |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)*** |  | **Three months ended June 30,** |  |  | **Six months ended June 30,** |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | $ | 427,988 | $ | 463,261 | $ | 861,603 | $ | 903,196 |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold |  |  | 205,079 |  |  | 225,301 |  |  | 412,279 |  |  | 439,367 |  |  |
| Gross profit |  |  | 222,909 |  |  | 237,960 |  |  | 449,324 |  |  | 463,829 |  |  |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative |  |  | 151,808 |  |  | 158,121 |  |  | 299,806 |  |  | 313,439 |  |  |
| Research and development |  |  | 12,092 |  |  | 11,693 |  |  | 24,599 |  |  | 22,823 |  |  |
| Intangible amortization |  |  | 1,624 |  |  | 1,654 |  |  | 3,246 |  |  | 3,303 |  |  |
| Restructuring charges |  |  | - |  |  | 55 |  |  | - |  |  | 642 |  |  |
| Income from operations |  |  | 57,385 |  |  | 66,437 |  |  | 121,673 |  |  | 123,622 |  |  |
| Interest expense, net |  |  | 4,901 |  |  | 14,563 |  |  | 7,823 |  |  | 28,404 |  |  |
| Other (income) expense, net |  |  | 239 |  |  | 2,455 |  |  | (510) |  |  | 3,838 |  |  |
| Income before income taxes |  |  | 52,245 |  |  | 49,419 |  |  | 114,360 |  |  | 91,380 |  |  |
| Income tax expense |  |  | 18,207 |  |  | 21,941 |  |  | 40,692 |  |  | 38,710 |  |  |
| Net income |  |  | 34,038 |  |  | 27,478 |  |  | 73,668 |  |  | 52,670 |  |  |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests |  |  | (1,022) |  |  | (423) |  |  | (2,538) |  |  | (1,953) |  |  |
| Net income attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. |  | $ | 33,016 |  | $ | 27,055 |  | $ | 71,130 |  | $ | 50,717 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income per common share attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | $ | 0.44 | $ | 0.62 | $ | 0.96 | $ | 1.14 |  |  |
| Diluted |  |  | 0.44 |  |  | 0.39 |  |  | 0.96 |  |  | 0.74 |  |  |
| Cash dividends declared per common share: | $ | 0.12 | $ | - | $ | 0.24 | $ | - |  |  |
| Weighted average number of common shares: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic |  |  | 74,451,977 |  |  | 21,821,256 |  |  | 74,337,013 |  |  | 21,821,256 |  |  |
| Diluted |  |  | 74,581,269 |  |  | 54,450,380 |  |  | 74,409,050 |  |  | 54,447,260 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  | **Three months ended June 30,** |  |  | **Six months ended June 30,** |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | $ | 34,038 | $ | 27,478 | $ | 73,668 |  | $ | 52,670 |  |  |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments |  |  | 1,218 |  |  | 5,204 |  |  | 12,798 |  |  | 12,181 |  |  |
| Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| period |  |  | 425 |  |  | (12,136) |  |  | (11,320) |  |  | (23,625) |  |  |
| Reclassification adjustments included in net |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| income |  |  | (1,284) |  |  | (2,846) |  |  | (3,095) |  |  | (7,757) |  |  |
| Tax benefit (expense) |  |  | 701 |  |  | 5,111 |  |  | 3,898 |  |  | 11,130 |  |  |
| Foreign exchange derivative instruments, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| net |  |  | (158) |  |  | (9,871) |  |  | (10,517) |  |  | (20,252) |  |  |
| Available-for-sale securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| period |  |  | 129 |  |  | 155 |  |  | 24 |  |  | (148) |  |  |
| Tax benefit (expense) |  |  | (49) |  |  | (59) |  |  | (9) |  |  | 56 |  |  |
| Available-for-sale securities, net |  |  | 80 |  |  | 96 |  |  | 15 |  |  | (92) |  |  |
| Pension and other postretirement benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pension and other postretirement benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| adjustments |  |  | 340 |  |  | 873 |  |  | 158 |  |  | 1,173 |  |  |
| Tax benefit (expense) |  |  | (21) |  |  | (185) |  |  | 42 |  |  | (126) |  |  |
| Pension and other postretirement benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| adjustments, net |  |  | 319 |  |  | 688 |  |  | 200 |  |  | 1,047 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) |  |  | 1,459 |  |  | (3,883) | ` |  | 2,496 |  |  | (7,116) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive income |  |  | 35,497 |  |  | 23,595 |  |  | 76,164 |  |  | 45,554 |  |  |
| Less: Comprehensive income attributable to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| noncontrolling interests |  |  | (1,022) |  |  | (423) |  |  | (2,538) |  |  | (1,953) |  |  |
| Comprehensive income attributable to | $ | 34,475 | $ | 23,172 | $ | 73,626 |  | $ | 43,601 |  |  |
| Acushnet Holdings Corp. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  | **Six months ended June 30,** |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
| **Cash flows from operating activities** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | $ | 73,668 | $ | 52,670 |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by (used in) operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  |  | 20,453 |  |  | 20,552 |  |  |
| Unrealized foreign exchange gain |  |  | (1,156) |  |  | (733) |  |  |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs |  |  | 660 |  |  | 2,512 |  |  |
| Amortization of discount on bonds payable |  |  | - |  |  | 282 |  |  |
| Change in fair value of common stock warrants |  |  | - |  |  | 6,112 |  |  |
| Share-based compensation |  |  | 7,901 |  |  | 964 |  |  |
| Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment |  |  | 454 |  |  | 66 |  |  |
| Deferred income taxes |  |  | 26,469 |  |  | 29,088 |  |  |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable |  |  | (80,999) |  |  | (95,997) |  |
| Inventories |  |  | 34,216 |  |  | 51,488 |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  |  | (11,079) |  |  | (5,598) |  |
| Accrued taxes |  |  | (18,621) |  |  | (1,816) |  |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities |  |  | (150,091) |  |  | 130,871 |  |  |
| Other assets |  |  | 3,119 |  |  | (3,993) |  |
| Other noncurrent liabilities |  |  | 5,141 |  |  | (145,828) |  |
| Interest due to related parties |  |  | - |  |  | 14,847 |  |  |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities |  |  | (89,865) |  |  | 55,487 |  |  |
| **Cash flows from investing activities** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment |  |  | (8,823) |  |  | (8,116) |  |  |
| Cash flows used in investing activities |  |  | (8,823) |  |  | (8,116) |  |  |
| **Cash flows from financing activities** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase in short-term borrowings, net |  |  | 31,615 |  |  | 5,867 |  |  |
| Proceeds from delayed draw term loan A facility |  |  | 100,000 |  |  | - |  |  |
| Repayment of term loan facilities |  |  | (11,875) |  |  | - |  |  |
| Repayment of senior term loan facility |  |  | - |  |  | (30,000) |  |
| Debt issuance costs |  |  | - |  |  | (663) |  |  |
| Dividends paid on common stock |  |  | (17,868) |  |  | - |  |  |
| Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests |  |  | (2,400) |  |  | (3,000) |  |
| Payment of employee restricted stock tax withholdings |  |  | (903) |  |  | - |  |  |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities |  |  | 98,569 |  |  | (27,796) |  |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash |  |  | 1,876 |  |  | 1,990 |  |  |
| Net increase in cash |  |  | 1,757 |  |  | 21,565 |  |  |
| Cash and restricted cash, beginning of year |  |  | 79,140 |  |  | 59,134 |  |  |
| Cash and restricted cash, end of period | $ | 80,897 | $ | 80,699 |  |  |
| **Supplemental information** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-cash additions to property, plant and equipment | $ | 1,265 | $ | 690 |  |  |
| Dividend equivalents declared not paid |  |  | 433 |  |  | - |  |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY (UNAUDITED)**

***(in thousands)***

**Balances at December 31, 2016**

Net income

Other comprehensive income

Stock-based compensation expense

Vesting of restricted common stock,

net of shares withheld for employee taxes

Dividend and dividend equivalents declared

Dividends declared to noncontrolling interests

**Balances at June 30, 2017**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Total** |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Shareholders'** |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | **Accumulated** |  |  | **Equity** |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | **Additional** | **Other** |  |  | **Attributable** |  |  | **Total** |  |
| **Common Stock** |  | **Paid-in** | **Comprehensive** | **Retained** | **to Acushnet** | **Noncontrolling** | **Shareholders'** |  |
| **Shares** |  | **Amount** |  | **Capital** |  | **Loss** |  | **Deficit** |  | **Holdings Corp.** |  | **Interest** |  | **Equity** |  |  |
| 74,094 |  | $ 74 |  | $ 880,576 |  | $ (90,834) | $ (53,951) | $ 735,865 |  | $ 32,958 |  | $ 768,823 |  |  |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 71,130 |  | 71,130 |  | 2,538 |  | 73,668 |  |  |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,496 |  | - |  | 2,496 |  | - |  | 2,496 |  |  |
| - |  | - |  | 7,901 |  | - |  | - |  | 7,901 |  | - |  | 7,901 |  |  |
| 358 |  | - |  | (903) | - |  | - |  | (903) | - |  | (903) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (18,301) | (18,301) | - |  | (18,301) |  |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (2,400) | (2,400) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74,452 |  | $ 74 |  | $ 887,574 |  | $ (88,338) |  | $ (1,122) |  | $ 798,188 |  | $ 33,096 |  | $ 831,284 |  |  |



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

1. **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”) and include the accounts of Acushnet Holdings Corp. (the “Company”), its wholly owned subsidiaries and a variable interest entity (“VIE”) in which the Company is the primary beneficiary. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain information in footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements has been condensed or omitted for the interim periods presented in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) and U.S. GAAP. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements; however, the accompanying interim notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. In the opinion of management, the financial statements contain all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to state fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Company. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year ended December 31, 2017, nor were those of the comparable 2016 period representative of those actually experienced for the full year ended December 31, 2016. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 30, 2017.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the Company’s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, stockholders’ equity, net sales and expenses, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Acquisition**

Acushnet Holdings Corp. was incorporated in Delaware on May 9, 2011 as Alexandria Holdings Corp., an entity owned by Fila Korea Co., Ltd. (“Fila Korea”), a leading sport and leisure apparel and footwear company which is a public company listed on the Korea Exchange, and a consortium of investors (the “Financial Investors”) led by Mirae Asset Global Investments, a global investment management firm. Acushnet Holdings Corp. acquired Acushnet Company, our operating subsidiary, from Beam Suntory, Inc. (at the time known as Fortune Brands, Inc.) (“Beam”) on July 29, 2011 (the “Acquisition”).

**Initial Public Offering**

On November 2, 2016, the Company completed an initial public offering of 19,333,333 shares of its common stock sold by selling stockholders at a public offering price of $17.00 per share. Upon the closing of the Company’s initial public offering, all remaining outstanding shares of the Company’s Series A preferred stock were automatically converted into 11,556,495 shares of the Company’s common stock and the Company’s convertible notes were automatically converted into 22,791,852 shares of the Company’s common stock. The underwriters of the Company’s initial public offering exercised their over-allotment option to purchase an additional 2,899,999 shares of common stock from the selling stockholders at the initial public offering price of $17.00 per share.

Following the pricing of the initial public offering, Magnus Holdings Co., Ltd. (“Magnus”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fila Korea, purchased from the Financial Investors on a pro rata basis 14,818,720 shares of the Company’s

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common stock, resulting in Magnus holding a controlling ownership interest of 53.1% of the Company’s outstanding common stock. The 14,818,720 shares of the Company’s common stock sold by the Financial Investors were received upon the automatic conversion of certain of the Company’s outstanding convertible notes and Series A preferred stock. The remaining outstanding convertible notes and Series A preferred stock automatically converted into shares of the Company’s common stock prior to the closing of the initial public offering.

On October 14, 2016, the Company effected a nine-for-one stock split of its issued and outstanding shares of common stock and a proportional adjustment to the existing conversion ratios for its 7.5% convertible notes due 2021 (“convertible notes”), Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock (“Series A preferred stock”), and the exercise price for the common stock warrants and the strike price of stock-based compensation. Accordingly, all share and per share amounts for all periods presented in the accompanying financial statements and notes thereto have been adjusted retroactively, where applicable, to reflect this stock split and adjustment of the common stock warrant exercise price, and convertible notes and Series A preferred stock conversion ratios.

**Dividend Declarations**

On May 12, 2017, the board of directors declared a dividend of $0.12 per share to shareholders on record. The dividend was paid on June 16, 2017.

On March 22, 2017, the board of directors declared a dividend of $0.12 per share to shareholders on record. The dividend was paid on April 19, 2017.

**Variable Interest Entities**

VIEs are entities that, by design, either (i) lack sufficient equity to permit the entity to finance its activities independently, or (ii) have equity holders that do not have the power to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact its economic performance, the obligation to absorb the entity’s expected losses, or the right to receive the entity’s expected residual returns. The Company consolidates a VIE when it is the primary beneficiary, which is the party that has both (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE’s economic performance and (ii) through its interests in the VIE, the obligation to absorb expected losses or the right to receive expected benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

The Company consolidates the accounts of Acushnet Lionscore Limited, a VIE which is 40% owned by the Company. The sole purpose of the VIE is to manufacture the Company’s golf footwear and as such, the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary. The Company has presented separately on its consolidated balance sheets, to the extent material, the assets of its consolidated VIE that can only be used to settle specific obligations of its consolidated VIE and the liabilities of its consolidated VIE for which creditors do not have recourse to its general credit. The general creditors of the VIE do not have recourse to the Company. Certain directors of the noncontrolling entities have guaranteed the credit lines of the VIE, for which there were no outstanding borrowings as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the agreement governing the VIE, the Company is not required to provide financial support to the VIE.

**Cash and Restricted Cash**

Cash held in Company checking accounts is included in cash. Book overdrafts not subject to offset with other accounts with the same financial institution are classified as accounts payable. The Company classifies as restricted certain cash that is not available for use in its operations. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the amount of restricted cash included in cash and restricted cash on the balance sheet was $3.2 million and $3.1 million, respectively.

**Accounts Receivable**

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the allowance for doubtful accounts was $9.6 million and $12.3 million, respectively.

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**Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions**

Foreign currency transaction gains included in selling, general and administrative expense were $1.0 million and

$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Foreign currency transaction gains included in

selling, general and administrative expense were $3.3 million and $3.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and

2016, respectively.

**Recently Adopted Accounting Standards**

***Consolidation — Interests Held Through Related Parties***

In October 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standard Update (“ASU”) ASU 2016‑17, “*Consolidation: Interests Held through Related Parties that are under Common Control.*” ASU 2016‑17 changes the evaluation of whether a reporting entity is the primary beneficiary of a VIE by changing how a reporting entity that is a single decision maker of a VIE treats indirect interests in the entity held through related parties that are under common control with the reporting entity. The Company adopted the provisions of this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements.

***Compensation—Stock Compensation***

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016‑09, *“Compensation—Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee* *Share‑Based Payment Accounting”* to simplify accounting for employee share‑based payment transactions, including theincome tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and classification on the statement of cash flows. The Company adopted the provisions of this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

**Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

***Compensation—Stock Compensation—Scope of Modification Accounting***

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017‑09, *“Compensation—Stock Compensation: Scope of Modification* *Accounting*.” The amendments in this update provide guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718, Compensation***—***Stock Compensation. ASU 2017‑09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in any interim period for which financial statements have not been issued or made available for issuance. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

***Compensation—Retirement Benefits***

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017‑07, “*Compensation****—****Retirement Benefits: Improving the Presentation* *of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Post Retirement Benefit Cost.*” ASU 2017‑07 requires that an employer reportthe service cost component of net periodic pension and net periodic post retirement cost in the same line item as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the employees during the period. It also requires the other components of net periodic pension and net periodic postretirement benefit cost to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations. Additionally, only the service cost component is eligible for capitalization. ASU 2017‑07 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements have not been issued or made available for issuance.The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

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***Intangibles—Goodwill and Other****—****Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment***

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017‑04, “*Intangibles—Goodwill and Other: Simplifying the Test for* *Goodwill Impairment.*” ASU 2017‑04 removes the second step of the goodwill impairment test. Instead an entity willperform a one-step quantitative test and record the amount of goodwill impairment as the excess of a reporting unit’s carrying amount over its fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. ASU 2017‑04 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

***Business Combinations—Clarifying the Definition of a Business***

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017‑01, “*Business Combinations: Clarifying the Definition of a Business.*” ASU 2017‑01 clarifies the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of businesses. ASU 2017‑01 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application is permitted for transactions for which the acquisition date occurs before the issuance date or effective date of the amendments, only when the transaction has not been reported in financial statements that have been issued or made available for issuance. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

***Revenue from Contracts with Customers***

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016‑12, *“Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Narrow‑Scope* *Improvements and Practical Expedients.*” ASU 2016‑12 addresses narrow‑scope improvements to the guidance oncollectability, noncash consideration and completed contracts at transition and provides a practical expedient for contract modifications and an accounting policy election related to the presentation of sales taxes and other similar taxes collected from customers. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016‑08, *“Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Principal versus* *Agent Considerations*” clarifying the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In August 2015, theFASB issued ASU 2015‑14, “*Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Deferral of the Effective Date*.” deferring the adoption of previously issued guidance published in May 2014, ASU 2014‑09, “*Revenue from Contracts with Customers.*” ASU 2014‑09 amends revenue recognition guidance and requires more detailed disclosures to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. ASU 2016‑08 and 2015‑14 are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The new standard permits the use of either the retrospective or modified retrospective approach on adoption. While the Company continues the process of evaluating the new standard against its existing accounting policies, the Company has identified customer incentives and expanded disclosures as the primary areas that would be affected by the new guidance. Based upon the terms of the Company’s agreements and the materiality of the transactions related to customer incentives, the Company does not expect the effect of adoption to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

***Leases***

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016‑02, “*Leases*,” which will require lessees to recognize right‑of‑use assets and lease liabilities for leases which were formerly classified as operating leases. The guidance is effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. While the Company is still in the process of completing its analysis on the complete impact this ASU will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, it does expect the adoption of this standard will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

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**2. Inventories**

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first‑in, first‑out inventory method. The inventory balance, which includes material, labor and manufacturing overhead costs, is recorded net of write downs for obsolete or slow-moving inventory.

The components of inventories were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **December 31,** |
|  |  |  | **2017** |  |  |  | **2016** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw materials and supplies | $ | 52,797 |  | $ | 55,424 |  |
| Work-in-process |  |  | 24,638 |  |  |  | 21,558 |  |
| Finished goods |  |  | 217,501 |  |  |  | 246,307 |  |
| Inventories |  | $ | 294,936 |  |  | $ | 323,289 |  |

**3. Product Warranty**

The Company has defined warranties ranging from one to two years. Products covered by the defined warranty policies include certain Titleist golf products, FootJoy golf shoes and FootJoy golf outerwear. These product warranties generally obligate the Company to pay for the cost of replacement products, including the cost of shipping replacement products to its customers. The estimated cost of satisfying future warranty claims is accrued at the time the sale is recorded. In estimating future warranty obligations, the Company considers various factors, including its warranty policies and practices, the historical frequency of claims and the cost to replace or repair products under warranty.

The activity related to the Company’s warranty obligation for accrued warranty expense was as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | **Three months ended** |  |  | **Six months ended** |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  | **2017** |  | **2016** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Balance at beginning of period** | $ | 3,764 | $ | 3,595 | $ | 3,526 | $ | 3,345 |  |
|  | Provision |  |  | 1,234 |  |  | 1,527 |  |  | 2,320 |  | 2,798 |  |
|  | Claims paid/costs incurred |  |  | (1,226) |  |  | (1,344) |  |  | (2,127) |  | (2,374) |  |
|  | Foreign currency translation |  |  | 7 |  |  | 6 |  |  | 60 |  | 15 |  |
|  | **Balance at end of period** |  | $ | 3,779 |  | $ | 3,784 |  | $ | 3,779 | $ | 3,784 |  |

**4. Related Party Transactions**

Other assets includes receivables from related parties of $0.5 million and $0.9 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. Also, prior to its initial public offering, the Company had historically incurred interest expense payable to related parties on its outstanding convertible notes and bonds with common stock warrants. Related party interest expense totaled $7.6 million and $15.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively.

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**5. Debt and Financing Arrangements**

The Company’s debt and capital lease obligations were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **December 31,** |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  | **2017** |  |  |  | **2016** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Term loan | $ | 360,938 |  | $ | 370,313 |  |
| Delayed draw term loan A facility |  |  | 97,500 |  |  |  | - |  |
| Revolving credit facility |  |  | 75,622 |  |  |  | 42,495 |  |
| Capital lease obligations |  |  | 111 |  |  |  | 491 |  |
| Debt issuance costs |  |  | (3,301) |  |  |  | (3,706) |  |
| Total |  |  | 530,870 |  |  |  | 409,593 |  |
| Less: short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt |  |  | 99,372 |  |  |  | 61,245 |  |
| Total long-term debt and capital lease obligations |  | $ | 431,498 |  |  | $ | 348,348 |  |

The debt issuance costs of $3.3 million and $3.7 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively relate to the term loan and delayed draw term loan A facility.

**Senior Secured Credit Facility**

On April 27, 2016, the Company entered into a senior secured credit facilities agreement arranged by Wells Fargo

Bank, National Association which provides for (i) a $275.0 million multi‑currency revolving credit facility, initially including

a $20.0 million letter of credit sublimit, a $25.0 million swing line sublimit, a C$25.0 million sublimit for Acushnet

Canada Inc., a £20.0 million sublimit for Acushnet Europe Limited and an alternative currency sublimit of $100.0 million for

borrowings in Canadian dollars, euros, pounds sterling and Japanese yen (“revolving credit facility”), (ii) a $375.0 million

term loan A facility and (iii) a $100.0 million delayed draw term loan A facility. The revolving and term loan facilities

mature on July 28, 2021. On August 9, 2017, the senior secured credit facilities agreement was amended to increase the letter

of credit sublimit to $25.0 million, to increase the sublimit for Acushnet Canada Inc. to C$35.0 million and to increase the

sublimit for Acushnet Europe Limited to £30.0 million. The credit agreement allows for the incurrence of additional term

loans or increases in the revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed (i) $200.0 million plus (ii) an

unlimited amount so long as the net average secured leverage ratio (as defined in the credit agreement) does not exceed 2.00:1.00 on a pro forma basis. The applicable interest rate for the Canadian borrowings under the senior secured credit facility is based on the Canadian Dollar Offered Rate (“CDOR”) plus a margin ranging from 1.25% to 2.00% depending on the Net Average Total Leverage Ratio as defined in the credit agreement. The applicable interest for the swing line sublimit is the highest of (a) Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (b) the Prime Rate and (c) the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) rate plus 1.00% plus a margin ranging from 0.25% to 1.00% depending on the Net Average Total Leverage Ratio as defined in the credit agreement. The applicable interest rate for all remaining borrowings under the senior secured credit facilities is LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 1.25% to 2.00% depending on the Net Average Total Leverage Ratio as defined in the credit agreement or the highest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (b) the Prime Rate and (c) the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.00% plus a margin ranging from 0.25% to 1.00% depending on the Net Average Total Leverage Ratio as defined in the credit agreement.

The credit agreement contains customary affirmative and restrictive covenants, including, among others, financial covenants based on the Company’s leverage and interest coverage ratios. The credit agreement includes customary events of default, the occurrence of which, following any applicable cure period, would permit the lenders to, among other things, declare the principal, accrued interest and other obligations to be immediately due and payable. As of June 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the credit agreement and anticipates compliance with all covenants under the credit agreement for the foreseeable future.

A change of control is an event of default under the credit agreement which could result in the acceleration of all outstanding indebtedness and the termination of all commitments under the credit agreement and would allow the lenders under the credit agreement to enforce their rights with respect to the collateral granted. A change of control

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occurs if any person (other than certain permitted parties, including Fila Korea) becomes the beneficial owner of 35% or more of the outstanding common stock of the Company. On October 28, 2016, Magnus entered into a one-year term loan which is secured by a pledge on all of the Company’s common stock owned by Magnus, except for 5% of the Company’s outstanding common stock owned by Magnus that is subject to a negative pledge under Fila Korea’s credit facility, which equals 47.8% of the Company’s outstanding common stock. If Fila Korea or Magnus are unable to repay the amounts due on the term loan at maturity, the lenders of such debt can foreclose on the pledged shares of the Company’s common stock.

The credit agreement was signed and became effective on April 27, 2016 and initial funding under the credit agreement occurred on July 28, 2016. The proceeds of the $375.0 million term loan A facility, borrowings of C$4.0 million (equivalent to approximately $3.0 million) under the revolving credit facility and cash on hand of $23.6 million were used to repay all amounts outstanding under the secured floating rate notes and certain former working credit facilities. The secured floating rate notes, certain former working credit facilities and the former senior revolving credit facility were terminated.

During the first quarter of 2017, the Company drew down $100.0 million on the delayed draw term loan A facility and $47.8 million under the revolving credit facility to substantially fund the equity appreciation rights plan (“EAR Plan”) payout (Note 10).

There were outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility of $75.6 million as of June 30, 2017 and the weighted average interest rate applicable to the outstanding borrowings was 2.73%.

1. **Derivative Financial Instruments Foreign Exchange Derivative Instruments**

The Company principally uses financial instruments to reduce the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The principal derivative financial instruments the Company enters into are foreign exchange forward contracts. The Company does not enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for trading or speculative purposes.

Foreign exchange forward contracts are primarily used to hedge purchases denominated in select foreign currencies, thereby limiting currency risk that would otherwise result from changes in exchange rates. The periods of the foreign exchange forward contracts correspond to the periods of the forecasted transactions, which do not exceed 24 months subsequent to the latest balance sheet date. The primary foreign exchange forward contracts pertain to the U.S. dollar, the Japanese yen, the British pound sterling, the Canadian dollar, the Korean won and the Euro. The gross U.S. dollar equivalent notional amount outstanding of all foreign exchange forward contracts designated under hedge accounting as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 was $308.8 million and $371.2 million, respectively.

The counterparties to derivative contracts are major financial institutions. The credit risk of counterparties does not have a significant impact on the valuation of the Company’s derivative instruments.

The fair values of foreign exchange hedges on the consolidated balance sheets were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Balance Sheet** |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **December 31,** |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  | **Location** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asset derivatives | Other current assets | $ | 3,582 | $ | 11,357 |  |
|  | Other noncurrent assets |  |  | 1,680 |  |  | 5,286 |  |
| Liability derivatives | Other current liabilities |  |  | 3,742 |  |  | 1,106 |  |
|  | Other noncurrent liabilities |  |  | 687 |  |  | 32 |  |

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The effect of foreign exchange hedges on accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and the consolidated statements of operations was as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | **Gain (Loss) Recognized in** |  |  |  |
|  |  | **Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)** |  |  |  |
|  | **Three months ended** | **Six months ended** |  |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  | **June 30,** | **June 30,** |  |  |  |
| **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Type of hedge** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash flow | $ | 425 |  | $ | (12,136) |  | $ |  | (11,320) |  | $ |  |  | (23,625) |  |  |
|  |  |  | $ | 425 |  |  | $ | (12,136) |  |  | $ |  | (11,320) |  |  | $ |  |  | (23,625) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Gain (Loss) Recognized in** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Statement of Operations** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | **Three months ended** |  |  |  | **Six months ended** |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  |  |  | **2016** |  |  |  |  | **2017** |  |  |  |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Location of gain (loss) in statement of operations** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cost of goods sold | $ | 1,284 |  | $ | 2,846 | $ | 3,095 | $ | 7,757 |  |
|  | Selling, general and administrative expense |  |  | (30) |  |  |  | (952) |  |  |  | (1,616) |  |  |  |  | (2,707) |  |
|  |  |  | $ | 1,254 |  |  | $ | 1,894 |  | $ | 1,479 |  |  | $ | 5,050 |  |

Gains and losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are reclassified from other comprehensive income (loss) to cost of goods sold at the time that the forecasted transaction impacts the income statement. Based on the current valuation, the Company expects to reclassify a net loss of $1.3 million from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into cost of goods sold during the next 12 months.

**Undesignated Foreign Exchange Derivative Instruments**

The Company may elect to enter into foreign exchange forwards to mitigate the change in fair value of specific assets and liabilities which do not qualify as hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, these undesignated instruments are recorded at fair value as a derivative asset or liability with the corresponding change in fair value recognized in selling, general and administrative expense, together with the re-measurement gain or loss from the hedged asset or liability. The gross U.S. dollar equivalent notional amount of all outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts not designated under hedge accounting was $1.7 million as of June 30, 2017. There were no outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts not designated under hedge accounting as of December 31, 2016.

**7. Fair Value Measurements**

Certain assets and liabilities are carried at fair value under U.S. GAAP. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

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Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | **Fair Value Measurements as of** |  |  |  |  |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  |  |  |  | **June 30, 2017 using:** |  |  |  |  |  |  | **Balance Sheet Location** |  |
|  |  | **Level 1** |  |  | **Level 2** | **Level 3** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Assets** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rabbi trust | $ | 6,994 | $ |  |  | - |  |  | $ |  |  | - |  |  | Other current assets |  |
|  | Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | 3,582 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | Other current assets |  |
| Rabbi trust |  |  | 5,408 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | Other noncurrent assets |  |
|  | Deferred compensation program assets |  |  | 1,884 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | Other noncurrent assets |  |
| Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | 1,680 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | Other noncurrent assets |  |
|  | Total assets |  | $ 14,286 |  | $ | 5,262 |  |  | $ |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Liabilities** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign exchange derivative instruments | $ |  |  | - | $ | 3,784 |  |  | $ |  |  | - |  |  | Other current liabilities |  |
| Deferred compensation program liabilities |  |  | 1,884 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | Other noncurrent liabilities |  |
|  | Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | 687 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | Other noncurrent liabilities |  |
|  | Total liabilities | $ | 1,884 | $ | 4,471 |  |  | $ |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | **Fair Value Measurements as of** |  |  |  |  |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  |  |  |  | **December 31, 2016 using:** |  |  |  | **Balance Sheet Location** |  |
|  |  |  | **Level 1** |  |  | **Level 2** |  |  | **Level 3** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Assets** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rabbi trust |  |  | $ | 6,994 |  | $ | - |  | $ | - |  | Other current assets |  |
|  | Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 11,357 |  |  |  |  | - |  | Other current assets |  |
|  | Rabbi trust |  |  |  |  | 5,248 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  | Other noncurrent assets |  |
|  | Deferred compensation program assets |  |  |  |  | 1,846 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  | Other noncurrent assets |  |
|  | Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 5,286 |  |  |  |  | - |  | Other noncurrent assets |  |
|  | Total assets |  |  |  | $ | 14,088 |  |  | $ | 16,643 |  |  | $ | - |  |  |  |
|  | **Liabilities** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  | $ |  | - |  | $ | 1,106 |  | $ | - |  | Other current liabilities |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Other noncurrent |  |
| Deferred compensation program liabilities |  |  |  |  | 1,846 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  | liabilities |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Other noncurrent |  |
|  | Foreign exchange derivative instruments |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 32 |  |  |  |  | - |  | liabilities |  |
|  | Total liabilities |  |  |  | $ | 1,846 |  |  | $ | 1,138 |  |  |  | $ | - |  |  |  |

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and the year ended December 31, 2016, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

Rabbi trust assets are used to fund certain retirement obligations of the Company. The assets underlying the Rabbi trust are equity and fixed income exchange‑traded funds.

Deferred compensation program assets and liabilities represent a program where select employees can defer compensation until termination of employment. Effective July 29, 2011, this program was amended to cease all employee compensation deferrals and provided for the distribution of all previously deferred employee compensation. The program remains in effect with respect to the value attributable to the employer match contributed prior to July 29, 2011.

Foreign exchange derivative instruments are foreign exchange forward contracts primarily used to hedge currency fluctuations for transactions denominated in a foreign currency (Note 6). The Company uses the mid‑price of foreign exchange forward rates as of the close of business on the valuation date to value each foreign exchange forward contract at each reporting period.

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**8. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits**

Components of net periodic benefit cost were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | **Pension Benefits** |  |  | **Postretirement Benefits** |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  |  | **Three months ended June 30,** |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Components of net periodic benefit cost** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | $ | 2,184 | $ | 2,456 | $ | 243 |  | $ | 250 |  |  |
| Interest cost |  |  | 2,934 |  |  | 3,122 |  |  | 183 |  |  | 212 |  |  |
| Expected return on plan assets |  |  | (2,934) |  |  | (3,067) |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  |
| Settlement expense |  |  | 185 |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  |
| Amortization of net (gain) loss |  |  | 258 |  |  | 122 |  |  | (135) |  |  | (174) |  |  |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) |  |  | 43 |  |  | 43 |  |  | (27) |  |  | (42) |  |  |
| Net periodic benefit cost | $ | 2,670 | $ | 2,676 | $ | 264 |  | $ | 246 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | **Pension Benefits** |  |  | **Postretirement Benefits** |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  |  |  |  | **Six months ended June 30,** |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Components of net periodic benefit cost** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | $ | 4,521 | $ | 4,909 | $ | 478 |  | $ | 500 |  |  |
| Interest cost |  |  | 5,952 |  |  | 6,293 |  |  | 357 |  |  | 423 |  |  |
| Expected return on plan assets |  |  | (5,947) |  |  | (6,206) |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  |
| Settlement expense |  |  | 316 |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  |
| Amortization of net (gain) loss |  |  | 297 |  |  | 247 |  |  | (301) |  |  | (348) |  |  |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) |  |  | 87 |  |  | 87 |  |  | (68) |  |  | (84) |  |  |
| Net periodic benefit cost | $ | 5,226 | $ | 5,330 | $ | 466 |  | $ | 491 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**9. Income Taxes**

Income tax expense decreased by $3.7 million, to $18.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $21.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The Company’s effective tax rate (“ETR”) was 34.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to 44.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in ETR was primarily driven by a reduction in non-cash fair value losses on common stock warrants, which are not tax effected, a decrease in non-deductible transaction costs and changes to the geographic mix of earnings.

Income tax expense increased by $2.0 million, to $40.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $38.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The Company’s ETR was 35.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to 42.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in ETR was primarily driven by a reduction in non-cash fair value losses on common stock warrants, which are not tax effected, a decrease in non-deductible transaction costs, offset by incremental tax expense associated with the settlement of vested restricted stock units and changes to the geographic mix of earnings.

**10. Equity Incentive Plans**

**Restricted Stock and Performance Stock Units**

On January 22, 2016, the Company’s board of directors adopted the Acushnet Holdings Corp. 2015 Omnibus Incentive Plan (“2015 Plan”) pursuant to which the Company may grant stock options, stock appreciation rights,

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restricted shares of common stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance stock units ("PSUs") and other stock-based and cash-based awards to members of the board of directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors of the Company. The 2015 Plan is administered by the compensation committee (the “Administrator”). The Administrator has the authority to establish the terms and conditions of any award issued or granted under the 2015 Plan. Each share issued with respect to RSUs and PSUs granted under the 2015 Plan reduces the number of shares available for grant. RSUs and PSUs forfeited and shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations increase the number of shares available for grant. All RSUs and PSUs granted under the 2015 Plan have dividend equivalent rights (“DERs”), which entitle holders of RSUs and PSUs to the same dividend value per share as holders of common stock. DERs are subject to the same vesting and other terms and conditions as the corresponding unvested RSUs and PSUs. DERs are paid when the underlying shares vest. As of June 30, 2017, a total of 4,602,126 authorized shares of the Company’s common stock remain available for issuance under the 2015 Plan.

A summary of the Company’s RSUs and PSUs as of June 30, 2017 and changes during the six months then ended is presented below:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Number** |  |  | **Weighted-** |  |
|  |  |  | **Average** |  |
|  | **of** |  |  | **Fair** |  |
|  | **RSUs and PSUs** |  |  | **Value** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Outstanding at December 31, 2016** | 2,459,166 | $ | 20.40 |  |
| Granted | 183,086 |  |  | 18.47 |  |
| Vested | (409,846) |  |  | 20.40 |  |
| Forfeited | (194,070) |  |  | 20.45 |  |
| **Outstanding at June 30, 2017** | 2,038,336 | $ | 20.22 |  |

RSUs settled during the first quarter of 2017, resulted in the issuance of 409,846 shares of common stock, of which 51,467 shares of common stock were delivered to the Company as payment by employees in lieu of cash to satisfy tax withholding obligations. As of June 30, 2017 no PSUs have vested.

On June 12, 2017, the Company’s board of directors approved two grants of RSUs to members of the board of directors. The first grant vests on the one-year anniversary of the Company’s IPO, subject to continued service on the board of directors through the vesting date. The initial fair value of the first grant was estimated at $0.5 million.The second grant vests on the earlier of June 12, 2018 or the next annual stockholders’ meeting, subject to continued service on the board of directors through the vesting date. The initial fair value of the second grant was estimated at $0.8 million.

The compensation expense recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2017 related to the PSUs was based on the Company’s best estimate of the three-year cumulative Adjusted EBITDA forecast as of June 30, 2017. The Company reassesses the estimate of the three‑year cumulative Adjusted EBITDA forecast at the end of each reporting period. The Company recorded compensation expense for the RSUs and PSUs of $2.3 million and $1.8 million, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2017. The Company recorded compensation expense for the RSUs and PSUs of $0.6 million and $0.4 million, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2016. The Company recorded compensation expense for the RSUs and PSUs of $4.4 million and $3.5 million, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2017. The Company recorded compensation expense for the RSUs and PSUs of $0.6 million and $0.4 million, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

The remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to non‑vested RSUs and non‑vested PSUs granted was $12.7 million and $10.3 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2017 and is expected to be recognized over the related weighted average period of 1.5 years.

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**Equity Appreciation Rights**

During the first quarter of 2017, the Company’s outstanding equity appreciation rights (“EAR”) liability was settled in full by a cash payment to the participants. The Company’s liability related to the EAR Plan was $151.5 million as of December 31, 2016 and was recorded within accrued compensation and benefits on the consolidated balance sheet.

**11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax**

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax consists of foreign currency translation adjustments, unrealized gains and losses from foreign exchange derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges (Note 6), unrealized gains and losses from available‑for‑sale securities and pension and other postretirement adjustments (Note 8).

The components of and changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | **Foreign** |  | **Gains (Losses) on** |  | **Gains (Losses)** |  |  | **Pension and** |  |  | **Accumulated** |
|  |  |  | **Currency** |  | **Foreign Exchange** |  | **on Available-** |  |  | **Other** |  |  | **Other** |
|  |  | **Translation** |  |  | **Derivative** |  |  | **for-Sale** |  | **Postretirement** |  | **Comprehensive** |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  | **Adjustments** |  |  | **Instruments** |  |  | **Securities** |  |  | **Adjustments** |  |  | **Loss** |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances at December 31, 2016 | $ | (84,675) | $ | 10,535 | $ | 1,536 | $ | (18,230) | $ | (90,834) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications |  |  | 12,798 |  |  | (11,320) |  |  | 24 |  |  | (173) |  |  | 1,329 |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| comprehensive loss |  |  | - |  |  | (3,095) |  |  | - |  |  | 331 |  |  | (2,764) |
| Tax benefit (expense) |  |  | - |  |  | 3,898 |  |  | (9) |  |  | 42 |  |  | 3,931 |
| Balances at June 30, 2017 | $ | (71,877) | $ | 18 | $ | 1,551 | $ | (18,030) | $ | (88,338) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**12. Net Income per Common Share**

The following is a computation of basic and diluted net income per common share attributable to Acushnet Holdings

Corp.:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | **Three months ended** |  |  | **Six months ended** |  |
| ***(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)*** |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. | $ | 33,016 | $ | 27,055 | $ | 71,130 | $ | 50,717 |  |
|  | Less: dividends earned by preferred shareholders |  |  | - |  |  | (3,418) |  |  | - |  |  | (6,855) |  |
|  | Less: allocation of undistributed earnings to preferred shareholders |  |  | - |  |  | (10,192) |  |  | - |  |  | (18,913) |  |
|  | Net income attributable to common stockholders - basic |  |  | 33,016 |  |  | 13,445 |  |  | 71,130 |  |  | 24,949 |  |
|  | Adjustments to net income for dilutive securities |  |  | - |  |  | 8,055 |  |  | - |  |  | 15,432 |  |
| Net income attributable to common stockholders - diluted |  | $ | 33,016 |  | $ | 21,500 |  | $ | 71,130 |  | $ | 40,381 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted average number of common shares: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Basic |  |  | 74,451,977 |  |  | 21,821,256 |  |  | 74,337,013 |  |  | 21,821,256 |  |
|  | Diluted |  |  | 74,581,269 |  |  | 54,450,380 |  |  | 74,409,050 |  |  | 54,447,260 |  |
|  | Net income per common share attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Basic | $ | 0.44 | $ | 0.62 | $ | 0.96 | $ | 1.14 |  |
|  | Diluted | $ | 0.44 | $ | 0.39 | $ | 0.96 | $ | 0.74 |  |

Net income per common share attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was calculated under the two-class method. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, there were no outstanding securities requiring use of the two-class method.

The Company’s potential dilutive securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, include RSUs and PSUs. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company’s potential dilutive securities included Series A preferred stock, warrants to purchase common stock and convertible notes.

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For the six months ended June 30, 2017, there were no securities excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted‑average common shares outstanding. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the following securities have been excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted‑average common shares outstanding as their impact was determined to be anti‑dilutive:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Series A preferred stock | 16,542,243 |
| Warrants to purchase common stock | 3,105,279 |

**13. Segment Information**

The Company’s operating segments are based on how the Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”) makes decisions about assessing performance and allocating resources. The Company has four reportable segments that are organized on the basis of product categories. These segments include Titleist golf balls, Titleist golf clubs, Titleist golf gear and FootJoy golf wear.

The CODM primarily evaluates performance using segment operating income. Segment operating income includes directly attributable expenses and certain shared costs of corporate administration that are allocated to the reportable segments, but excludes interest expense, net; gains and losses on the fair value of common stock warrants; transaction fees and other non‑operating gains and losses as the Company does not allocate these to the reportable segments. The CODM does not evaluate a measure of assets when assessing performance.

Results shown for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are not necessarily those which would be achieved if each segment was an unaffiliated business enterprise. There are no intersegment transactions.

Information by reportable segment and a reconciliation to reported amounts are as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***(in thousands)*** |  | **Three months ended June 30,** |  | **Six months ended June 30,** |  |
|  |  |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |
|  | **Net sales** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Titleist golf balls | $ | 154,959 | $ | 165,876 | $ | 289,151 | $ | 296,249 |  |
|  | Titleist golf clubs |  |  | 93,337 |  |  | 118,337 |  |  | 195,279 |  |  | 233,829 |  |
|  | Titleist golf gear |  |  | 47,300 |  |  | 44,782 |  |  | 89,690 |  |  | 84,334 |  |
|  | FootJoy golf wear |  |  | 112,499 |  |  | 119,400 |  |  | 254,740 |  |  | 264,030 |  |
|  | Other |  |  | 19,893 |  |  | 14,866 |  |  | 32,743 |  |  | 24,754 |  |
|  | Total net sales |  | $ | 427,988 |  | $ | 463,261 |  | $ | 861,603 |  | $ | 903,196 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Segment operating income** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Titleist golf balls | $ | 30,972 | $ | 36,854 | $ | 52,052 | $ | 52,353 |  |
|  | Titleist golf clubs |  |  | 4,638 |  |  | 15,827 |  |  | 16,002 |  |  | 35,409 |  |
|  | Titleist golf gear |  |  | 10,276 |  |  | 9,160 |  |  | 17,568 |  |  | 14,616 |  |
|  | FootJoy golf wear |  |  | 5,528 |  |  | 6,111 |  |  | 26,631 |  |  | 25,766 |  |
|  | Other |  |  | 5,115 |  |  | 2,666 |  |  | 7,942 |  |  | 3,849 |  |
|  | Total segment operating income |  |  | 56,529 |  |  | 70,618 |  |  | 120,195 |  |  | 131,993 |  |
|  | Reconciling items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Interest expense, net |  |  | (4,901) |  |  | (14,563) |  |  | (7,823) |  |  | (28,404) |  |
|  | Loss on fair value of common stock warrants |  |  | - |  |  | (4,233) |  |  | - |  |  | (6,112) |  |
|  | Transaction fees |  |  | (52) |  |  | (5,264) |  |  | (146) |  |  | (8,965) |  |
|  | Other |  |  | 669 |  |  | 2,861 |  |  | 2,134 |  |  | 2,868 |  |
|  | Total income before income tax |  | $ | 52,245 |  | $ | 49,419 |  | $ | 114,360 |  | $ | 91,380 |  |

1. **Commitments and Contingencies Purchase Obligations**

During the normal course of its business, the Company enters into agreements to purchase goods and services, including purchase commitments for production materials, finished goods inventory, capital expenditures and

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endorsement arrangements with professional golfers. The reported amounts exclude those liabilities included in accounts payable or accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2017.

Purchase obligations by the Company as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  | **Payments Due by Period** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | **Remainder of** | **2018** | **2019** | **2020** |  | **2021** |  | **Thereafter** |  |
| ***(in thousands)*** | **2017** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchase obligations | $ 133,305 | $ 25,494 | $ 4,245 | $ 2,397 |  | $ 1,814 | $ | 3,327 |  |  |

**Contingencies**

In connection with the Company’s acquisition of Acushnet Company, Beam indemnified the Company for certain tax related obligations that relate to periods during which Fortune Brands, Inc. owned Acushnet Company. As of June 30, 2017, the Company’s estimate of its receivable for these indemnifications is $8.7 million, of which $0.3 million is recorded in other current assets and $8.4 million is recorded in other noncurrent assets on the consolidated balance sheet.

**Litigation**

***Beam***

A dispute has arisen between Acushnet Company and Beam with respect to approximately $16.6 million of value-added tax (“VAT”) trade receivables. These receivables were reflected on Acushnet Company’s consolidated balance sheet at the time of the Company’s acquisition of Acushnet Company. Acushnet Company believes that these VAT trade receivables are assets of the Company; Beam claims that these are tax credits or refunds from the period prior to the acquisition of Acushnet Company which are payable to Beam, pursuant to the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement that covers the sale of the stock of Acushnet Company. Beam has withheld payments in this amount which the Company believes are payable to Acushnet Company in reimbursement of certain other tax liabilities which existed prior to the acquisition of Acushnet Company. On March 27, 2012, Acushnet Company filed a complaint seeking reimbursement of these funds in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Superior Court Department, Business Litigation Section. Each party filed Motions for Summary Judgment, which motions were denied by the Court on July 29, 2015. Trial was conducted in early June, 2016. On June 21, 2016, the Court ruled that Beam had a contractual right to the VAT trade receivables actually collected from Acushnet Company's customers prior to the closing of the Company's acquisition of Acushnet Company, but that Beam should pay $972,288 plus pre-judgment interest of $494,859 to the Company to compensate for amounts Beam withheld, but which were not collected from Acushnet Company's customers. The Company recorded the total value of the judgment as other (income) expense, net on the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2016. Acushnet believes that the Court erred in its ruling and filed a Notice of Appeal on July 20, 2016. The related briefing closed on April 28, 2017. Oral arguments before the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Appeals Court are expected to be held in September 2017.

***Other Litigation***

In addition to the lawsuit described above, the Company and its subsidiaries are defendants in lawsuits associated with the normal conduct of their businesses and operations. It is not possible to predict the outcome of the pending actions, and, as with any litigation, it is possible that some of these actions could be decided unfavorably. Consequently, the Company is unable to estimate the ultimate aggregate amount of monetary loss, amounts covered by insurance or the financial impact that will result from such matters and has not recorded a liability related to potential losses. The Company believes that there are meritorious defenses to these actions and that these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.

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1. **Subsequent Events Dividend Declaration**

On August 11, 2017, the board of directors declared a dividend of $0.12 per share to shareholders on record as of September 1, 2017, payable on September 15, 2017.

***ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS***

*The following discussion contains management’s discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this report. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs and involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those described in “Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10‑Q and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. You should carefully read “Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” following the Table of Contents. Unless otherwise noted, the figures in the following discussion are unaudited.*

**Overview**

We are the global leader in the design, development, manufacture and distribution of performance-driven golf products, which are widely recognized for their quality excellence. Today, we are the steward of two of the most revered brands in golf—Titleist, one of golf’s leading performance equipment brands, and FootJoy, one of golf’s leading performance wear brands. We own or control the design, sourcing, manufacturing, packaging and distribution of our products. In doing so, we are able to exercise control over every step of the manufacturing process.

Our target market is dedicated golfers, who are avid and skill-biased, prioritize performance and commit the time, effort and money to improve their game. We believe that dedicated golfers are the most consistent purchasers of golf products.

Our net sales are diversified by both product category and mix as well as geography. Our product categories include golf balls, golf clubs, wedges and putters, golf shoes, golf gloves, golf gear and golf outerwear and apparel. Our product portfolio contains a favorable mix of consumable products, which we consider to be golf balls and golf gloves, and more durable products, which we consider to be golf clubs, golf shoes, golf gear and golf outerwear and apparel. Our net sales are also diversified by geography with a substantial majority of our net sales generated in five countries: the United States, Japan, Korea, the United Kingdom and Canada.

The following are financial highlights for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

**Six months ended**

**June 30,**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | **2017** |  |  | **2016** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | $ | 861,603 | $ | 903,196 |  |
|  | Net income attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. | $ | 71,130 | $ | 50,717 |  |
|  | Adjusted EBITDA | $ | 150,284 | $ | 162,272 |  |

We have the following reportable segments: Titleist golf balls; Titleist golf clubs; Titleist golf gear; and FootJoy golf

wear.

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***Key Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations***

There have been no material changes to the key factors affecting our results of operations as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

***Key Performance Measures***

We use various financial metrics to measure and evaluate our business, including, among others: (i) net sales on a constant currency basis, (ii) Adjusted EBITDA on a consolidated basis, (iii) Adjusted EBITDA margin on a consolidated basis and (iv) segment operating income.

Since 48% and 47% of our net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, were generated outside of the United States, we use net sales on a constant currency basis to evaluate the sales performance of our business in period over period comparisons and for forecasting our business going forward. Constant currency information allows us to estimate what our sales performance would have been without changes in foreign currency exchange rates. This information is calculated by taking the current period local currency sales and translating them into U.S. dollars based upon the foreign currency exchange rates for the applicable comparable prior period. This constant currency information should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for any measure derived in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”). Our presentation of constant currency information may not be consistent with the manner in which similar measures are derived or used by other companies.

We primarily use Adjusted EBITDA on a consolidated basis to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies, assess our consolidated operating performance and make decisions regarding pricing of our products, go to market execution and costs to incur across our business. We define Adjusted EBITDA in a manner consistent with the term “Consolidated EBITDA” as it is defined in the credit agreement, dated as of April 27, 2016, among Acushnet Holdings Corp., Acushnet Company, Acushnet Canada Inc. (the “Canadian Borrower”), Acushnet Europe Limited (the “UK Borrower”) and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the administrative agent, L/C issuer and swing line lender (our “credit agreement”). Adjusted EBITDA represents net income (loss) attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. adjusted for income tax expense, interest expense, depreciation and amortization, the expenses relating to the Acushnet Company Equity Appreciation Rights Plan, as amended (the “EAR Plan”), share-based compensation expense, a one-time executive bonus, restructuring charges, certain transaction fees, indemnification expense (income) from Beam, (gains) losses on the fair value of our common stock warrants, certain other non-cash (gains) losses, net, and the net income relating to noncontrolling interests in our FootJoy golf shoe joint venture. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measurement of financial performance under U.S. GAAP. It should not be considered an alternative to net income (loss) attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp., as a measure of our operating performance or any other measure of performance derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items, or affected by similar non-recurring items. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider such measure either in isolation or as a substitute for analyzing our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. Our definition and calculation of Adjusted EBITDA is not necessarily comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies due to different methods of calculation. For a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp., see “—Results of Operations.”

We also use Adjusted EBITDA margin, which measures our Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of net sales, because our management uses it to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies, assess our consolidated operating performance and make decisions regarding pricing of our products, go to market execution and costs to incur across our business. We present Adjusted EBITDA margin as a supplemental measure of our operating performance because it excludes the impact of certain items that we do not consider indicative of our ongoing operating performance. By presenting Adjusted EBITDA margin, we provide a basis for comparison of our business operations between different periods by excluding items that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA margin is not a measurement of financial performance under U.S. GAAP. It should not be considered an alternative to any measure of performance derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA margin should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items, or affected by similar non-recurring items. Adjusted EBITDA margin has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider such measure either in isolation or as a substitute for analyzing our results as reported under

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U.S. GAAP. Our definition and calculation of Adjusted EBITDA margin is not necessarily comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies due to different methods of calculation.

Lastly, we use segment operating income to evaluate and assess the performance of each of our reportable segments and to make budgeting decisions.

**Components of Results of Operations**

There have been no material changes to the components of results of operations as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

**Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, our results of operations.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  | **Three months ended** |  |  | **Six months ended** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | **2017** |  |  |  | **2016** |  |  |  | **2017** |  |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | $ | 427,988 |  | $ | 463,261 |  | $ | 861,603 |  | $ | 903,196 |  |  |
|  | Cost of goods sold |  |  | 205,079 |  |  |  | 225,301 |  |  |  | 412,279 |  |  |  | 439,367 |  |  |
|  | Gross profit |  |  | 222,909 |  |  |  | 237,960 |  |  |  | 449,324 |  |  |  | 463,829 |  |  |
|  | Operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Selling, general and administrative |  |  | 151,808 |  |  |  | 158,121 |  |  |  | 299,806 |  |  |  | 313,439 |  |  |
|  | Research and development |  |  | 12,092 |  |  |  | 11,693 |  |  |  | 24,599 |  |  |  | 22,823 |  |  |
|  | Intangible amortization |  |  | 1,624 |  |  |  | 1,654 |  |  |  | 3,246 |  |  |  | 3,303 |  |  |
|  | Restructuring charges |  |  | — |  |  | 55 |  |  |  | — |  |  | 642 |  |  |
|  | Income from operations |  |  | 57,385 |  |  |  | 66,437 |  |  |  | 121,673 |  |  |  | 123,622 |  |  |
|  | Interest expense, net |  |  | 4,901 |  |  |  | 14,563 |  |  |  | 7,823 |  |  |  | 28,404 |  |  |
|  | Other (income) expense, net |  |  | 239 |  |  |  | 2,455 |  |  |  | (510) |  |  |  | 3,838 |  |  |
|  | Income before income taxes |  |  | 52,245 |  |  |  | 49,419 |  |  |  | 114,360 |  |  |  | 91,380 |  |  |
|  | Income tax expense |  |  | 18,207 |  |  |  | 21,941 |  |  |  | 40,692 |  |  |  | 38,710 |  |  |
|  | Net income |  |  | 34,038 |  |  |  | 27,478 |  |  |  | 73,668 |  |  |  | 52,670 |  |  |
|  | Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests |  |  | (1,022) |  |  |  | (423) |  |  |  | (2,538) |  |  |  | (1,953) |  |  |
|  | Net income attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. |  | $ | 33,016 |  |  | $ | 27,055 |  |  | $ | 71,130 |  |  | $ | 50,717 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Adjusted EBITDA:** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Net income attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. | $ | 33,016 |  | $ | 27,055 |  | $ | 71,130 |  | $ | 50,717 |  |  |
|  | Income tax expense |  |  | 18,207 |  |  |  | 21,941 |  |  |  | 40,692 |  |  |  | 38,710 |  |  |
|  | Interest expense, net |  |  | 4,901 |  |  |  | 14,563 |  |  |  | 7,823 |  |  |  | 28,404 |  |  |
|  | Depreciation and amortization |  |  | 10,292 |  |  |  | 10,282 |  |  |  | 20,453 |  |  |  | 20,552 |  |  |
|  | Shared-based compensation(a) |  |  | 4,054 |  |  |  | 964 |  |  |  | 7,901 |  |  |  | 964 |  |  |
|  | One-time executive bonus(b) |  |  | — |  |  | — |  |  | — |  |  | 7,500 |  |  |
|  | Restructuring charges(c) |  |  | — |  |  | 55 |  |  |  | — |  |  | 642 |  |  |
|  | Transaction fees(d) |  |  | 52 |  |  |  | 5,264 |  |  |  | 146 |  |  |  | 8,965 |  |  |
|  | Beam indemnification expense (income)(e) |  |  | 290 |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | 197 |  |  |  | (485) |  |  |
|  | Losses on the fair value of our common stock warrants(f) |  |  | — |  |  | 4,233 |  |  |  | — |  |  | 6,112 |  |  |
|  | Other non-cash gains, net |  |  | (12) |  |  |  | (293) |  |  |  | (596) |  |  |  | (295) |  |  |
|  | Nonrecurring income(g) |  |  | — |  |  | (1,467) |  |  |  | — |  |  | (1,467) |  |  |
|  | Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests(h) |  |  | 1,022 |  |  |  | 423 |  |  |  | 2,538 |  |  |  | 1,953 |  |  |
| Adjusted EBITDA |  | $ | 71,822 |  |  | $ | 83,029 |  |  | $ | 150,284 |  |  | $ | 162,272 |  |  |
|  | Adjusted EBITDA margin |  |  | 16.8 | % |  |  | 17.9 | % |  |  | 17.4 | % |  |  | 18.0 | % |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Reflects compensation expense with respect to equity-based grants under the Acushnet Holdings Corp. 2015 Omnibus Incentive Plan.

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1. In the first quarter of 2016, our President and Chief Executive Officer was awarded a cash bonus in the amount of $7.5 million as consideration for past performance.
2. Reflects restructuring charges incurred in connection with the reorganization of certain of our operations in 2016.
3. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, reflects legal fees incurred relating to a dispute arising from the indemnification obligations owed to us by Beam in connection with the Acquisition. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, reflects certain fees and expenses we incurred in connection with our initial public offering as well as legal fees incurred relating to a dispute arising from the indemnification obligations owed to us by Beam in connection with the Acquisition.
4. Reflects the non-cash charges related to the indemnification obligations owed to us by Beam that are included when calculating net income (loss) attributable to the Company.
5. Fila Korea exercised all of our outstanding common stock warrants in July 2016 and we used the proceeds from such exercise to redeem all of our outstanding 7.5% bonds due 2021 (the “7.5% bonds”).
6. Reflects legal judgment in favor of us associated with the Beam value-added tax dispute in other (income) expense.
7. Reflects the net income attributable to the interest that we do not own in our FootJoy golf shoe joint venture.

***Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2016***

*Net Sales*

Net sales decreased by $35.3 million, or 7.6%, to $428.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $463.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales would have decreased by $30.6 million, or 6.6%, to $432.7 million. The decrease in net sales on a constant currency basis was due to a decrease of $24.0 million in net sales of Titleist golf clubs driven by lower volumes across all product categories, a decrease of $9.2 million of Titleist golf balls due to lower sales volumes and a $4.8 million decrease in FootJoy golf wear primarily due to a sales volume decrease in footwear. This net sales decrease was slightly offset by an increase of $2.8 million in net sales of Titleist golf gear. The remaining change in net sales was due to sales volume growth of products that are sold in regions outside the United States and that are not allocated to one of our four reportable segments.

Net sales by reportable segment is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Three months ended** |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  | **Constant Currency** |  |
|  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  | **2017** | **2016** |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |  |  |
| Titleist golf balls | $ 154,959 | $ 165,876 | $ (10,917) | (6.6)% | $ (9,238) | (5.6)% |  |
| Titleist golf clubs | 93,337 | 118,337 | (25,000) | (21.1)% | (24,031) | (20.3)% |  |
| Titleist golf gear | 47,300 | 44,782 | 2,518 | 5.6 % | 2,840 | 6.3 % |  |
| FootJoy golf wear | 112,499 | 119,400 | (6,901) | (5.8)% | (4,840) | (4.1)% |  |

For further discussion of each reportable segment’s results, see “—Segment Results—Titleist Golf Balls Segment,” “—Segment Results—Titleist Golf Clubs Segment,” “—Segment Results—Titleist Golf Gear Segment” and “—Segment Results—FootJoy Golf Wear Segment” results below.

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Net sales information by region is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | **Three months ended** |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  | **Constant Currency** |  |
|  |  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  |  | **2017** | **2016** |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | $ | 224,175 | $ 244,930 | $ (20,755) | (8.5)% | $ (20,755) | (8.5)% |  |
| EMEA |  |  | 57,878 | 64,341 | (6,463) |  | (10.0)% | (2,188) | (3.4)% |  |
| Japan |  |  | 44,424 | 52,248 | (7,824) |  | (15.0)% | (7,026) | (13.4)% |  |
| Korea |  |  | 55,970 | 50,561 | 5,409 |  | 10.7 % | 3,788 | 7.5 % |  |
| Rest of world |  |  | 45,541 | 51,181 | (5,640) |  | (11.0)% | (4,426) | (8.6)% |  |
| Total sales |  | $ | 427,988 |  | $ 463,261 |  | $ (35,273) |  | (7.6)% |  | $ (30,607) | (6.6)% |  |

Net sales in the United States decreased by $20.8 million, or 8.5%, to $224.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $244.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease in net sales in the United States was due to a decrease of $10.7 million in net sales of Titleist golf clubs, a decrease of $7.9 million in net sales of Titleist golf balls and a decrease of $3.4 million in net sales of FootJoy golf wear, slightly offset by an increase of $1.2 million in net sales of Titleist golf gear. Net sales in the United States were impacted by a reduced store count as a result of the retail channel disruptions in 2016 as well as unfavorable weather conditions which negatively impacted both rounds of play and golf club fitting and trial activities.

Our sales in regions outside of the United States decreased by $14.5 million, or 6.6%, to $203.8 million for the three

months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $218.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency

basis, net sales in such regions would have decreased by $9.9 million, or 4.5%, to $208.4 million, driven by a decrease of

$13.3 million in net sales of Titleist golf clubs, a decrease of $1.5 million in net sales of FootJoy golf wear, and a decrease of

$1.3 million in net sales of Titleist golf balls, slightly offset by an increase of $1.6 million in net sales of Titleist golf gear.

The remaining change in net sales was due to sales volume growth of products that are sold in regions outside the United

States and that are not allocated to one of our four reportable segments.

*Gross Profit*

Gross profit decreased by $15.1 million to $222.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $238.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Gross margin increased to 52.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to 51.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in gross profit was largely driven by a $10.9 million decrease in gross profit in Titleist golf clubs, a decrease of $8.1 million in Titleist golf balls and a decrease of $1.3 million in FootJoy golf wear, slightly offset by an increase of $1.3 million in Titleist golf gear. The remaining change in gross profit was due to sales volume growth in products that are sold in regions outside the United States and that are not allocated to one of our four reportable segments. The increase in gross margin was primarily driven by higher average selling prices in Titleist golf clubs and a favorable mix shift in the FootJoy footwear category.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by $6.3 million to $151.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $158.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease was primarily attributable to $5.2 million in transaction costs related to our initial public offering recorded in the second quarter of 2016, a decrease of $3.6 million in advertising and professional tour costs and a decrease of $2.6 million in bad debt expense. This was partially offset by an increase of $2.8 million in share-based compensation and an increase of $2.4 million due to higher consulting, legal and administrative costs. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact of $1.1 million.

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*Research and Development*

R&D expenses increased by $0.4 million to $12.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $11.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This increase was mainly attributable to additional costs to support new product introductions and employee-related costs, including share-based compensation. As a percentage of consolidated net sales, R&D expenses were 2.8%, up from 2.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

*Intangible Amortization*

Intangible amortization expenses were $1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to $1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

*Restructuring Charges*

There were no restructuring charges for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $0.1 million restructuring changes for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

*Interest Expense, net*

Interest expense decreased by $9.7 million to $4.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $14.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease was primarily due to lower average outstanding borrowings during the three months ended June 30, 2017 as a result of the conversion of our 7.5% convertible notes to common shares prior to the closing of our initial public offering and the redemption of $34.5 million of the principal of our outstanding 7.5% bonds using the proceeds of the exercise of a portion of our outstanding common stock warrants in

July 2016. In addition, the average interest rate on outstanding borrowings was lower during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

*Other (Income) Expense, net*

Other (income) expense, net decreased by $2.3 million to other expense of $0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to other expense of $2.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This change was primarily due to a loss recognized on the fair value of the common stock warrants of $4.2 million offset in part by income related to a $1.5 million increase in the receivable for tax indemnifications during the three months ended June 30,

2016. The warrants were fully exercised in July 2016 and no warrants were outstanding during the three months ended June

30, 2017.

*Income Tax Expense*

Income tax expense decreased by $3.7 million to $18.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $21.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Our effective tax rate (“ETR”) was 34.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to 44.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in ETR was primarily driven by a reduction in non-cash fair value losses on common stock warrants, which are not tax effected, a decrease in non-deductible transaction costs and changes to the geographic mix of earnings.

*Net Income Attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp.*

Net income attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. increased by $5.9 million to $33.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $27.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 primarily as a result of lower interest expense and lower other expense, partially offset by lower income from operations, as discussed in more detail above.

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*Adjusted EBITDA*

Adjusted EBITDA decreased by $11.2 million to $71.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $83.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 16.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to 17.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

*Segment Results*

Net sales by reportable segment is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Three months ended** |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  | **Constant Currency** |  |
|  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  | **2017** | **2016** |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |  |  |
| Titleist golf balls | $ 154,959 | $ 165,876 | $ (10,917) | (6.6)% | $ (9,238) | (5.6)% |  |
| Titleist golf clubs | 93,337 | 118,337 | (25,000) | (21.1)% | (24,031) | (20.3)% |  |
| Titleist golf gear | 47,300 | 44,782 | 2,518 | 5.6 % | 2,840 | 6.3 % |  |
| FootJoy golf wear | 112,499 | 119,400 | (6,901) | (5.8)% | (4,840) | (4.1)% |  |

Segment operating income by reportable segment is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Three months ended** |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  | **2016** |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
| **Segment operating income(1)** |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Titleist golf balls | $ 30,972 | $ | 36,854 | $ (5,882) | (16.0)% |  |
| Titleist golf clubs | 4,638 |  | 15,827 | (11,189) | (70.7)% |  |
| Titleist golf gear | 10,276 |  | 9,160 | 1,116 | 12.2 % |  |
| FootJoy golf wear | 5,528 |  | 6,111 | (583) | (9.5)% |  |



1. Transaction fees, restructuring charges and other non-operating gains and losses, to the extent incurred in the applicable period, are not reflected in segment operating income.

**Titleist Golf Balls Segment**

Net sales in our Titleist golf balls segment decreased by $10.9 million, or 6.6%, to $155.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $165.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our Titleist golf balls segment would have decreased by $9.2 million, or 5.6%, to $156.7 million. This decrease was primarily driven by a sales volume decline in both the ProV1 franchise models and performance models. In the United States, sales volumes were impacted by a reduced store count as a result of the retail channel disruptions in 2016 as well as unfavorable weather conditions which negatively impacted rounds of play, as well as increased competitive promotional activity in the marketplace.

Titleist golf balls segment operating income decreased by $5.9 million, or 16.0%, to $31.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $36.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, primarily due to a decrease in gross profit of $8.1 million which was partially offset by lower operating expenses. The decrease in gross profit was primarily due to a decline in sales volumes as discussed above and higher material costs. Lower operating expenses were primarily due to decreases of $2.4 million in advertising and promotional expenses and $1.0 million in bad debt expense, and were offset in part by a $1.1 million increase in the segment allocation of consulting, legal and administrative costs.

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**Titleist Golf Clubs Segment**

Net sales in our Titleist golf clubs segment decreased by $25.0 million, or 21.1%, to $93.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $118.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our Titleist golf clubs segment would have decreased by $24.0 million, or 20.3%, to $94.3 million. This decrease was due to lower sales volumes, primarily in our iron series, Scotty Cameron Select putters and Vokey Design wedges which were in the second year of the two-year product life cycle. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in average selling prices across all product categories, in particular the new 917 model drivers and fairways. In the United States, sales volumes were impacted by a reduced store count as a result of the retail channel disruptions in 2016 as well as unfavorable weather conditions which negatively impacted golf club fitting and trial activities.

Titleist golf clubs segment operating income decreased by $11.2 million, or 70.7%, to $4.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $15.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease was primarily driven by a $10.9 million decrease in gross profit primarily due to the sales decline discussed above, partially offset by a higher gross margin. The increase in gross margin was driven by increases in average selling prices as discussed above.

**Titleist Golf Gear Segment**

Net sales in our Titleist golf gear segment increased by $2.5 million, or 5.6%, to $47.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $44.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our Titleist golf gear segment would have increased by $2.8 million, or 6.3%, to $47.6 million. This increase was primarily due to higher average selling prices across all categories of the gear business.

Titleist golf gear segment operating income increased by $1.1 million, or 12.2%, to $10.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $9.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. This increase was largely driven by higher gross profit on the increased sales as discussed above.

**FootJoy Golf Wear Segment**

Net sales in our FootJoy golf wear segment decreased by $6.9 million, or 5.8%, to $112.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $119.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our FootJoy golf wear segment would have decreased by $4.8 million, or 4.1%, to $114.6 million. This decrease was primarily due to a sales volume decline in our footwear and glove categories.

FootJoy golf wear segment operating income decreased by $0.6 million, or 9.5%, to $5.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $6.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Gross profit was lower due to the sales decline discussed above. This was largely offset by a favorable mix shift in the footwear category resulting in a higher gross margin.

***Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016***

*Net Sales*

Net sales decreased by $41.6 million, or 4.6%, to $861.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $903.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales would have decreased by $34.2 million, or 3.8%, to $869.0 million. The decrease in net sales on a constant currency basis was due to a decrease of $36.5 million in net sales of Titleist golf clubs driven by lower volumes of wedges and irons which were in the second year of the two-year product life cycle, a $5.4 million decrease in FootJoy golf wear primarily due to volume decline in footwear and a decrease of $5.1 million of Titleist golf balls due to a sales volume decrease of our performance golf ball models, which were in the second year of the two-year product life cycle. These net sales decreases were partially offset by an increase of $5.6 million in net sales of Titleist golf gear. The remaining change in

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net sales was due to sales volume growth of products that are sold in regions outside the United States and that are not allocated to one of our four reportable segments.

Net sales by reportable segment is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Six months ended** |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  | **Constant Currency** |  |
|  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  | **2017** | **2016** |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |  |  |
| Titleist golf balls | $ 289,151 | $ 296,249 | $ (7,098) | (2.4)% | $ (5,142) | (1.7)% |  |
| Titleist golf clubs | 195,279 | 233,829 | (38,550) | (16.5)% | (36,539) | (15.6)% |  |
| Titleist golf gear | 89,690 | 84,334 | 5,356 | 6.4 % | 5,615 | 6.7 % |  |
| FootJoy golf wear | 254,740 | 264,030 | (9,290) | (3.5)% | (5,358) | (2.0)% |  |

For further discussion of each reportable segment’s results, see “—Segment Results—Titleist Golf Balls Segment,” “—Segment Results—Titleist Golf Clubs Segment,” “—Segment Results—Titleist Golf Gear Segment” and “—Segment Results—FootJoy Golf Wear Segment” results below.

Net sales information by region is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Six months ended** |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  | **Constant Currency** |  |
|  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  | **2017** | **2016** |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | $ 447,289 | $ 474,946 | $ (27,657) | (5.8)% | $ (27,657) | (5.8)% |  |
| EMEA | 125,887 | 137,656 | (11,769) |  | (8.5)% | (1,617) |  | (1.2)% |  |
| Japan | 94,477 | 107,574 | (13,097) | (12.2)% | (12,894) | (12.0)% |  |
| Korea | 105,852 | 89,112 | 16,740 |  | 18.8 % | 13,093 |  | 14.7 % |  |
| Rest of world | 88,098 | 93,908 | (5,810) |  | (6.2)% | (5,091) |  | (5.4)% |  |
| Total sales |  | $ 861,603 |  | $ 903,196 |  | $ (41,593) |  | (4.6)% |  | $ (34,166) |  | (3.8)% |  |

Net sales in the United States decreased by $27.7 million, or 5.8%, to $447.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $474.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease in net sales in the United States was due to a decrease of $16.9 million in net sales of Titleist golf clubs, a decrease of $6.7 million in net sales of FootJoy golf wear and a decrease of $5.8 million in net sales of Titleist golf balls, slightly offset by an increase of

$1.8 million in net sales of Titleist golf gear. Net sales in the United States were impacted by a reduced store count as a result of the retail channel disruptions in 2016 as well as unfavorable weather conditions which negatively impacted both rounds of play and golf club fitting and trial activities.

Our sales in regions outside of the United States decreased by $14.0 million, or 3.3%, to $414.3 million for the six

months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $428.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency

basis, net sales in such regions would have decreased by $6.5 million, or 1.5%, to $421.8 million, driven by a decrease of

$19.6 million in net sales of Titleist golf clubs, partially offset by an increase of $3.8 million in net sales of Titleist golf gear

and an increase of $1.3 million in net sales of FootJoy golf wear. The remaining increase in net sales was primarily due to

sales volume growth of products that are sold in regions outside the United States and that are not allocated to one of our four

reportable segments.

*Gross Profit*

Gross profit decreased by $14.5 million to $449.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $463.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Gross margin increased to 52.1% for the six months ended

June 30, 2017 compared to 51.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in gross profit was largely driven by a $20.6 million decrease in gross profit in Titleist golf clubs primarily due to volume declines of irons and wedges in their second model year and lower gains on foreign currency exchange contracts compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016, partially offset by a volume increase in products that are sold in regions outside the United States

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and that are not allocated to one of our four reportable segments. The increase in gross margin was driven by a favorable mix shift to the Pro V1 and Pro V1x franchise and a gross margin increase in the FootJoy golf wear segment.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by $13.6 million to $299.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $313.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease was primarily attributable to $8.8 million in transaction costs related to our initial public offering recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2016, the absence of a $7.5 million one-time executive bonus recorded in the first quarter of 2016, a reduction of $8.0 million in advertising and promotion costs across all segments, a decrease of $2.2 million in professional tour costs and a $1.9 million reduction in bad debt expense. This was partially offset by an increase of $6.2 million in share-based compensation, an increase of $5.6 million due to higher consulting, legal and administrative costs and an increase of $2.5 million in selling expense related to growth of products that are sold in regions outside the United States and that are not allocated to one of our four reportable segments. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact of $1.6 million.

*Research and Development*

R&D expenses increased by $1.8 million to $24.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to

$22.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This increase was mainly attributable to additional experimental costs

in the Titleist golf club segment to support new product introductions and employee-related costs, including share based

compensation. As a percentage of consolidated net sales, R&D expenses were 2.9%, up from 2.5% for the six months ended

June 30, 2016.

*Intangible Amortization*

Intangible amortization expenses were $3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to $3.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

*Restructuring Charges*

There were no restructuring charges for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

*Interest Expense, net*

Interest expense decreased by $20.6 million to $7.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $28.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease was primarily due to lower average outstanding borrowings during the six months ended June 30, 2017 as a result of the redemption of $34.5 million of the principal of our outstanding 7.5% bonds using the proceeds of the exercise of a portion of our outstanding common stock warrants in July 2016. In addition, the average interest rate on outstanding borrowings was lower during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

*Other (Income) Expense, net*

Other (income) expense, net increased by $4.3 million to other income of $0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to other expense of $3.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This change was primarily due to a decrease in the recognized loss on the fair value of the common stock warrants of $6.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 offset in part by income related to a $1.5 million increase in the receivable for tax indemnifications during the six months ended June 30, 2016. The warrants were fully exercised in July 2016 and no warrants were outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

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*Income Tax Expense*

Income tax expense increased by $2.0 million to $40.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $38.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Our ETR was 35.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to 42.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in ETR was primarily driven by a reduction in non-cash fair value losses on common stock warrants, which are not tax effected, a decrease in non-deductible transaction costs, offset by incremental tax expense associated with the settlement of vested restricted stock units and changes to the geographic mix of earnings.

*Net Income Attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp.*

Net income attributable to Acushnet Holdings Corp. increased by $20.4 million to $71.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $50.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This change was primarily a result of lower interest expense and lower other expense as discussed in more detail above.

*Adjusted EBITDA*

Adjusted EBITDA decreased by $12.0 million to $150.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $162.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 17.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to 18.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

*Segment Results*

Net sales by reportable segment is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Six months ended** |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  | **Constant Currency** |  |
|  |  | **June 30,** |  |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  | **2017** | **2016** |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |  |  |
| Titleist golf balls | $ 289,151 | $ 296,249 | $ (7,098) | (2.4)% | $ (5,142) | (1.7)% |  |
| Titleist golf clubs | 195,279 | 233,829 | (38,550) | (16.5)% | (36,539) | (15.6)% |  |
| Titleist golf gear | 89,690 | 84,334 | 5,356 | 6.4 % | 5,615 | 6.7 % |  |
| FootJoy golf wear | 254,740 | 264,030 | (9,290) | (3.5)% | (5,358) | (2.0)% |  |

Segment operating income by reportable segment is summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Six months ended** |  |  | **Increase/(Decrease)** |  |
|  |  | **June 30,** |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | **2017** |  | **2016** |  |  | **$ change** | **% change** |  |  |
| **Segment operating income(1)** |  |  |  | **(in thousands)** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Titleist golf balls | $ 52,052 | $ | 52,353 | $ | (301) | (0.6)% |  |
| Titleist golf clubs | 16,002 |  | 35,409 |  |  | (19,407) | (54.8)% |  |
| Titleist golf gear | 17,568 |  | 14,616 |  |  | 2,952 | 20.2 % |  |
| FootJoy golf wear | 26,631 |  | 25,766 |  |  | 865 | 3.4 % |  |



1. Expenses relating to the EAR Plan, transactions fees and restructuring charges, and other non-operating gains and losses, to the extent incurred in the applicable period, are not reflected in segment operating income.

**Titleist Golf Balls Segment**

Net sales in our Titleist golf balls segment decreased by $7.1 million, or 2.4%, to $289.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $296.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our Titleist golf balls segment would have decreased by $5.1 million, or 1.7%, to $291.1 million*.* This decrease was driven by a sales volume decline of our performance and Pinnacle golf ball models which were in their

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second year of the two-year product life cycle and was partially offset by a sales volume increase of our newly introduced Pro V1 and Pro V1x golf balls. In the United States, sales volumes were impacted by a reduced store count as a result of the retail channel disruptions in 2016 as well as unfavorable weather conditions which negatively impacted rounds of play, as well as increased competitive promotional activity in the marketplace.

Titleist golf balls segment operating income decreased by $0.3 million, or 0.6%, to $52.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $52.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Gross profit decreased by $2.2 million on the decreased sales discussed above and was partially offset by lower operating expenses. Gross margin was favorably impacted by a golf ball mix shift to the Pro V1 and Pro V1x franchise. Operating expenses decreased primarily due to the absence of a $2.9 million expense related to the segment allocation of the one-time executive bonus recorded in the first quarter of 2016, a $2.0 million decrease in advertising and promotion expenses and a decrease of $0.8 million in bad debt expense, partially offset by an increase of $2.5 million in the segment allocation of consulting, legal and administrative costs and an increase of $2.3 million in share-based compensation.

**Titleist Golf Clubs Segment**

Net sales in our Titleist golf clubs segment decreased by $38.6 million, or 16.5%, to $195.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $233.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our Titleist golf clubs segment would have decreased by $36.5 million, or 15.6%, to $197.3 million. This decrease was primarily driven by lower sales volumes of Vokey Design wedges, our iron series and our hybrids, all of which were in their second model year. In the United States, sales volumes were impacted by a reduced store count as a result of the retail channel disruptions in 2016 as well as unfavorable weather conditions which negatively impacted golf club fitting and trial activities. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in average selling prices across all product categories, in particular the new 917 model drivers and fairways.

Titleist golf clubs segment operating income decreased by $19.4 million, or 54.8%, to $16.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $35.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease was primarily attributable to lower gross profit of $20.6 million primarily driven by decreased sales volumes as discussed above. This was slightly offset by lower operating expenses primarily due to a decrease of $3.5 million in advertising and promotional costs primarily related to product launches in the prior year and the absence of a $1.8 million expense related to the segment allocation of the one-time executive bonus recorded in the first quarter of 2016, partially offset by an increase of $1.5 million in the segment allocation of consulting, legal and administrative costs, an increase of $1.8 million in share-based compensation and an increase of $1.1 million in research and development costs.

**Titleist Golf Gear Segment**

Net sales in our Titleist golf gear segment increased by $5.4 million, or 6.4%, to $89.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $84.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our Titleist golf gear segment would have increased by $5.6 million, or 6.7%, to $89.9 million. This increase was primarily due to higher average selling prices in all categories of the gear business and higher sales volume growth in travel gear.

Titleist golf gear segment operating income increased by $3.0 million, or 20.2%, to $17.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $14.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This increase was driven by higher gross profit on the increased sales as well as higher gross margin resulting from higher average selling prices, as discussed above.

**FootJoy Golf Wear Segment**

Net sales in our FootJoy golf wear segment decreased by $9.3 million, or 3.5%, to $254.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $264.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. On a constant currency basis, net sales in our FootJoy golf wear segment would have decreased by $5.4 million, or 2.0%, to $258.6 million. This decrease was primarily due to the sales volume decline in footwear, partially offset by a sales volume increase in apparel.

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FootJoy golf wear segment operating income increased by $0.9 million, or 3.4%, to $26.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to $25.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This increase was attributable to lower operating expenses partially offset by lower gross profit. The lower gross profit was primarily due to the decrease in sales volumes discussed above. This was largely offset by a higher gross margin primarily resulting from a favorable mix shift in the footwear category and lower product costs in apparel. The decrease in operating expenses was driven by a decrease of $4.3 million in advertising and promotion costs and the absence of a $2.1 million expense related to the segment allocation of the one-time executive bonus recorded in the first quarter of 2016, partially offset by an increase of $1.2 million in the segment allocation of consulting, legal and administrative costs and an increase of $2.5 million in employee related costs, primarily related to share-based compensation.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our primary cash needs relate to working capital, capital expenditures, servicing of our debt, paying dividends and pension contributions. We expect to rely on cash flows from operations and borrowings under our revolving credit facility and local credit facilities as our primary sources of liquidity.

We made $8.8 million of capital expenditures in the six months ended June 30, 2017 and plan to make capital expenditures of approximately $17.2 million in the remainder of 2017, although the actual amount of capital expenditures may vary depending upon a variety of factors, including the timing of implementation of certain capital projects. We expect the majority of the capital expenditures in the remainder of 2017 will be for maintenance projects.

We made $151.5 million of payments related to outstanding Equity Appreciation Rights (“EAR”) under our EAR Plan in the three months ended March 31, 2017, which we funded from borrowings under our delayed draw term loan A facility and borrowings under our revolving credit facilities. The EAR liability was settled in full and there were no outstanding EARs on June 30, 2017.

On April 27, 2016, Acushnet Holdings Corp., Acushnet Company, Acushnet Canada Inc. (“the Canadian Borrower”) and Acushnet Europe Limited (“the UK Borrower”) entered into a credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the administrative agent, L/C issuer and swing line lender and each lender from time to time party thereto, which provides for (i) a $275.0 million multi‑currency revolving credit facility, including a $20.0 million letter of credit sub‑facility, a swing line sublimit of $25.0 million, a C$25.0 million sub‑facility for borrowings by the Canadian Borrower, a £20.0 million sub‑facility for borrowings by the UK Borrower and an alternative currency sublimit of

$100.0 million for borrowings in Canadian dollars, euros, pounds sterling and Japanese yen, (ii) a $375.0 million term loan A facility and (iii) a $100.0 million delayed draw term loan A facility, each of which matures on July 28, 2021. On August 9, 2017, the senior secured credit facilities agreement was amended to increase the letter of credit sublimit to $25.0 million, to increase the sublimit for Acushnet Canada Inc. to C$35.0 million and to increase the sublimit for Acushnet Europe Limited to £30.0 million. As of June 30, 2017 we had $187.6 million of availability under our revolving credit facility after giving effect to $11.8 million of outstanding letters of credit and we had $63.1 million available under our local credit facilities. See “Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — Note 5 — Debt and Financing Arrangements” for a description of our credit facilities.

Our liquidity is cyclical as a result of the general seasonality of our business. Our accounts receivable balance is generally at its highest starting at the end of the first quarter and continuing through the second quarter, and declines during the third and fourth quarters as a result of both an increase in cash collections and lower sales. Our inventory balance also fluctuates as a result of the seasonality of our business. Generally, our buildup of inventory starts during the fourth quarter and continues through the first quarter and into the beginning of the second quarter in order to meet demand for our initial sell‑in in the first quarter and reorders in the second quarter. Both accounts receivable and inventory balances are impacted by the timing of new product launches.

We believe that cash expected to be provided by operating activities, together with our cash on hand and the availability of borrowings under our revolving credit facility and our local credit facilities will be sufficient to meet our liquidity requirements for at least the next 12 months, subject to customary borrowing conditions. Our ability to generate sufficient cash flows from operations is, however, subject to many risks and uncertainties, including future economic

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trends and conditions, demand for our products, foreign currency exchange rates and other risks and uncertainties applicable to our business, as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

As of June 30, 2017, we had $77.7 million of unrestricted cash (including $14.0 million attributable to our FootJoy golf shoe joint venture). As of June 30, 2017, 97.5% of our total unrestricted cash was held at our non‑U.S. subsidiaries. We manage our worldwide cash requirements by monitoring the funds available among our subsidiaries and determining the extent to which we can access those funds on a cost effective basis. We are not aware of any restrictions on repatriation of these funds and, subject to the cash payment of additional U.S. income taxes or foreign withholding taxes, those funds could be repatriated, if necessary. At present, any additional taxes could be offset, in whole or in part, by available foreign tax credits. The amount of any taxes required to be paid and the application of tax credits would be determined based on income tax laws in effect at the time of such repatriation. We do not expect any such repatriation to result in additional tax expenses as taxes have been provided for our undistributed foreign earnings that we do not consider permanently reinvested. We have repatriated, and intend to repatriate, funds to the United States from time to time to satisfy domestic liquidity needs arising in the ordinary course of business, including liquidity needs related to debt service requirements.

**Cash Flows**

The following table presents the major components of net cash flows used in and provided by operating, investing and financing activities for the periods indicated:

**Six months ended**

**June 30,**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Cash flows provided by (used in): |  |  | **2017** |  |  |  | **2016** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating activities | $ | (89,865) | $ | 55,487 |  |  |
| Investing activities |  |  | (8,823) |  |  |  | (8,116) |  |  |
| Financing activities |  |  | 98,569 |  |  |  | (27,796) |  |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash |  |  | 1,876 |  |  |  | 1,990 |  |  |
| Net increase in cash |  | $ | 1,757 |  |  | $ | 21,565 |  |  |

***Cash Flows From Operating Activities***

Cash flows from operating activities consist primarily of net income (loss) adjusted for certain non-cash items, including depreciation and amortization, deferred income taxes, share-based compensation, and the effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities. Cash provided by changes in operating assets and liabilities primarily relates to changes in accounts receivable, inventories, accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Net cash used in operating activities was $89.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of $55.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase in cash used in operating activities of $145.4 million. The increase was primarily due to the payment of the outstanding balance of the EAR Plan of $151.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

***Cash Flows From Investing Activities***

Cash flows from investing activities relate to capital expenditures.

Net cash used in investing activities was $8.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to $8.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

***Cash Flows From Financing Activities***

Cash flows from financing activities consist primarily of the proceeds from our delayed draw term loan A facility and net borrowing under our revolving credit facility and other local credit facilities.

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Net cash provided by financing activities was $98.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to net cash used in financing activities of $27.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase in cash provided by financing activities of $126.4 million. The increase was due to a net increase in borrowings of $143.9 million primarily due to borrowings of $100 million under the delayed draw term loan A facility and a net increase in aggregate borrowings under our revolving credit facility, both of which were primarily used to fund the payout of the EAR Plan. Also contributing to the increase was the repayment of the senior term loan facility during the six months ended June 30, 2016 which reduced net cash provided by financing activities in that period. The increase in cash provided by financing activities was offset in part by dividends paid on common stock of $17.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates from the information provided in Part II, Item 7, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 1 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report for recently issued accounting standards, including the dates of adoption and estimated effects on our consolidated financial statements.

***ITEM 3.*** ***Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk***

We are exposed to various market risks, which may result in potential losses arising from adverse changes in market rates, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices. We do not enter into derivatives or other financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes and do not believe we are exposed to material market risk with respect to our cash and cash equivalents.

***Interest Rate Risk***

We are exposed to interest rate risk under our various credit facilities which accrue interest at variable rates, as described under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations —Liquidity and Capital Resources—Indebtedness” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 and in “Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements— Note 5— Debt and Financing Arrangements” to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in this report. We currently do not engage in any interest rate hedging activity but may enter into interest rate swaps or pursue other interest rate hedging strategies in the future.

As of June 30, 2017, we had $534.2 million of outstanding indebtedness (excluding unamortized debt issuance costs), all of which was at variable interest rates. A 1.00% increase in the interest rate applied to these borrowings would have resulted in an increase of $5.6 million in our annual pre-tax interest expense.

Interest rate risk is highly sensitive due to many factors, including U.S. monetary and tax policies, U.S. and international economic factors and other factors beyond our control. We are exposed to changes in the level of interest rates and to changes in the relationship or spread between interest rates for our floating rate debt. Our floating rate debt requires payments based on a variable interest rate index such as LIBOR. Therefore, increases in interest rates may reduce our net income by increasing the cost of our debt.

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***Foreign Exchange Risk***

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates relating to transactions outside the United States denominated in foreign currencies, which include, but are not limited to, the Japanese yen, the Korean won, the British pound sterling, the euro and the Canadian dollar. In addition, we are exposed to gains and losses resulting from the translation of the operating results of our non-U.S. subsidiaries into U.S. dollars for financial reporting purposes.

We use financial instruments to reduce the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The principal financial instruments we enter into on a routine basis are foreign exchange forward contracts. The primary foreign exchange forward contracts pertain to the Japanese yen, the Korean won, the British pound sterling, the euro and the Canadian dollar. Foreign exchange forward contracts are primarily used to hedge purchases denominated in select foreign currencies. The periods of the foreign exchange forward contracts correspond to the periods of the forecasted transactions, which do not exceed 24 months subsequent to the latest balance sheet date. We do not enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for trading or speculative purposes.

The gross U.S. dollar equivalent notional amount of all foreign currency forward contracts outstanding at June 30, 2017 was $310.5 million, representing a net settlement asset of $0.8 million. Gains and losses on the foreign exchange forward contracts that we account for as hedges offset losses and gains on these foreign currency purchases and reduce the earnings and shareholders’ equity volatility relating to foreign exchange.

We performed a sensitivity analysis to assess potential changes in the fair value of our foreign exchange forward contracts relating to a hypothetical movement in foreign currency exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis of changes in the fair value of our foreign exchange forward contracts outstanding at June 30, 2017, while not predictive in nature, indicated that if the U.S. dollar uniformly weakened by 10% against all currencies covered by our contracts, the net settlement asset of $0.8 million would decrease by $28.7 million resulting in a net settlement liability of $27.9 million.

The sensitivity analysis described above recalculates the fair value of the foreign exchange forward contracts outstanding at June 30, 2017 by replacing the actual foreign currency exchange rates and current month forward rates at June 30, 2017 with foreign currency exchange rates and forward rates that reflect a 10% weakening of the U.S. dollar against all currencies covered by our contracts. All other factors are held constant. The sensitivity analysis disregards the possibility that currency exchange rates can move in opposite directions and that gains from one currency may or may not be offset by losses from another currency. The analysis also disregards the offsetting change in value of the underlying hedged transactions and balances.

The financial markets and currency volatility may limit our ability to cost-effectively hedge these exposures. The counterparties to derivative contracts are major financial institutions. We assess credit risk of the counterparties on an ongoing basis.

***Commodity Price Risk***

We are exposed to commodity price risk with respect to certain materials and components used by us, our suppliers and our manufacturers, including polybutadiene, urethane and Surlyn for the manufacturing of our golf balls, titanium and steel for the assembly of our golf clubs, leather and synthetic fabrics for our golf shoes, golf gloves, golf gear and golf apparel, and resin and other petroleum-based materials for a number of our products.

**Impact of Inflation**

Our results of operations and financial condition are presented based on historical cost. While it is difficult to accurately measure the impact of inflation due to the imprecise nature of the estimates required, we believe the effects of inflation, if any, on our results of operations and financial condition have been immaterial.

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***ITEM 4.*** ***Controls and Procedures***

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and our Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

Our management, with the participation of our CEO and our CFO, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a‑15(e) and 15d‑15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10‑Q. Based on their evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that, because the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting described below have not been remediated by the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10‑Q, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10‑Q.

These material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting and our remediation efforts are described

below.

**Material Weakness and Status of Material Weakness Remediation**

As disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, our

management previously identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of a company’s annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. We did not have in place an effective control environment with a sufficient number of accounting personnel with the appropriate technical training in, and experience with, U.S. GAAP to allow for a detailed review of complex accounting transactions that would identify errors in a timely manner. Further, we did not design effective control activities relating to formally documented and implemented accounting processes and procedures across business cycles, including income taxes, derivatives, certain compensation and benefits, certain revenue transactions, and functional currency, and internal communication protocols related to matters impacting income tax and benefit accounts. We also did not maintain effective segregation of duties in our internal controls over financial reporting.

During the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10‑Q, we have continued the process of remediating the above material weaknesses, which has included numerous steps to enhance our internal control environment and address the underlying causes of the above material weaknesses. As part of this remediation process, we have enlisted the help of external advisors to provide assistance in the areas of financial accounting and tax accounting in the short term, we have hired a Chief Accounting Officer and additional financial reporting personnel with technical accounting and financial reporting experience, are formalizing our accounting policies and procedures, and enhancing our internal review procedures during the financial statement close process. In addition, we have engaged an accounting firm to evaluate and document the design and operating effectiveness of our internal controls and assist with the remediation and implementation of our internal controls as required. We are committed to maintaining a strong internal control environment, and we expect to continue our efforts to ensure the material weaknesses described above are remediated. However, the material weaknesses cannot be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively.

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**Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

As disclosed above under “Material Weakness and Status of Material Weakness Remediation,” there were changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a‑15(f) and 15d‑15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10‑Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Additionally, we have engaged a large multinational public accounting firm to assist management with the Company’s internal audit activities, thereby also complying with the New York Stock Exchange requirement that each listed company have an internal audit function.

**PART II.** **OTHER INFORMATION**

***ITEM 1.*** ***Legal Proceedings***

We are defendants in lawsuits associated with the normal conduct of our businesses and operations. It is not possible to predict the outcome of the pending actions, and, as with any litigation, it is possible that some of these actions could be decided unfavorably. We believe that there are meritorious defenses to these actions and that these actions will not have a material adverse effect upon our results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition. These actions are being vigorously contested.

***Item 1A.*** ***Risk Factors***

You should carefully consider each of the risk factors as described in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, as well as the other information set forth in this report. There have been no material changes to the risk factors as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

***ITEM 2.*** ***Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds***

None.

***ITEM 3.*** ***Defaults Upon Senior Securities***

None.

***ITEM 4.*** ***Mine Safety Disclosure***

None.

***ITEM 5.*** ***Other Information***

On August 9, 2017, the Company entered into an amendment to its senior secured credit facilities agreement, dated as of April 27, 2016, in order to (i) increase the letter of credit sublimit from $20.0 million to $25.0 million, (ii) increase the sublimit for Acushnet Canada Inc. under the revolving credit facility from C$25.0 million to C$35.0 million, and (iii) increase the sublimit for Acushnet Europe Limited under the revolving credit facility from £20.0 million to £30.0 million.

The foregoing description of the amendment is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the amendment, which is filed as Exhibit 10.1 to this report and is incorporated herein by reference.

***ITEM 6.*** ***Exhibits***

The Index to Exhibits, which appears immediately following the signature page below, is incorporated by reference

herein.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP. |
| Dated: August 11, 2017 | By:/s/ Walter Uihlein |
|  |  | Walter Uihlein |
|  |  | *President and Chief Executive Officer* |
|  |  | *(Principal Executive Officer)* |
| Dated: August 11, 2017 | By:/s/ William Burke |
|  |  | William Burke |
|  |  | *Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and* |
|  |  | *Treasurer* |
|  |  | *(Principal Financial Officer)* |

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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **INDEX TO EXHIBITS** |  |
| **Exhibit** |  | **Description** |  |
| **No.** |  |  |
| 10.1 | First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of August 9, 2017, among Acushnet Holdings |  |
|  | Corp., Acushnet Company, Acushnet Canada Inc., Acushnet Europe Limited, Wells Fargo Bank, |  |
|  | National Association, as administrative agent, and the lenders, letters of credit issues and guarantor |  |
|  | parties thereto. |  |
| 10.2\* | Form of Acushnet Holdings Corp. Independent Director Restricted Stock Unit Deferral Election |  |
| 31.1 | Form |  |
| Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes- |  |
|  |  |
|  | Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith). |  |
| 31.2 | Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Financial Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes- |  |
|  | Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith). |  |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to |  |
|  | Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith). |  |
| 32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to |  |
|  | Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith). |  |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document |  |
| 101.SCH | Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |  |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |  |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document |  |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |  |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document |  |

* Identifies exhibit that consists of a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

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**Exhibit 10.1**

**FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT**

This **FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT** (this “**Amendment**”) is dated as of August 9, 2017 among Acushnet Holdings Corp., a Delaware corporation formerly known as Alexandria Holdings Corp. (“**Holdings**”), Acushnet Company, a Delaware corporation (the “**US Borrower**”), Acushnet Canada Inc., a company incorporated under the laws of Canada (the “**Canadian Borrower**”), Acushnet Europe Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales (the “**UK Borrower**” and, together with the US Borrower and the Canadian Borrower, collectively, the “**Borrowers**” and individually, each a “**Borrower**”), Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent (in such capacity, the “**Administrative Agent**”) acting with the consent of the Required Lenders (as defined in the Credit Agreement referenced below, the “**Required Lenders**”), the Lenders listed on the signature pages hereto, each L/C Issuer and the Guarantors listed on the signature pages hereto, and is made with reference to that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of April 27, 2016 (as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified prior to the date hereof, the “**Credit Agreement**”), by and among Holdings, the Borrowers, the lenders from time to time party thereto and the Administrative Agent. Unless otherwise stated, capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the same meanings herein as set forth in the Amended Credit Agreement (as defined below).

**RECITALS**

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to and in accordance withSection 10.01of the Credit Agreement, Lenders constituting theRequired Lenders (as defined in the Credit Agreement), each L/C Issuer and the other parties hereto have agreed to amend the Credit Agreement as set forth in Section 1.1 of this Amendment (the Credit Agreement as amended hereby, the “**Amended** **Credit Agreement**”); and

**WHEREAS**, the Administrative Agent, the Lenders party hereto, each L/C Issuer and the Loan Parties are willing, onthe terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein, to consent to the amendment of the Credit Agreement as set forth herein.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the premises and the agreements, provisions and covenants hereincontained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

**SECTION I. AMENDMENTS TO LOAN DOCUMENTS**

**1.1** **Amendments to Credit Agreement.**

The Borrowers, the Lenders party hereto, each L/C Issuer, the Administrative Agent and the other parties hereto agree that on the First Amendment Effective Date (as defined below), the Credit Agreement shall be amended as follows:

1. The definition of “Canadian Borrower Sublimit” shall be amended and restated in its entirety as

follows:

“**Canadian Borrower Sublimit**” means an amount equal to the lesser of the Aggregate Commitments of all Revolving Credit Lenders in respect of the Revolving Credit Facility and CDN$35,000,000. The Canadian Borrower Sublimit is part of, and not in addition to, the Revolving Credit Facility.



1. The definition of “Letter of Credit Sublimit” shall be amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

“**Letter of Credit Sublimit**” means $25,000,000. The Letter of Credit Sublimit is part of, and not in addition to, the Revolving Credit Facility.

1. The definition of “UK Borrower Sublimit” shall be amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

“**UK Borrower Sublimit**” means an amount equal to the lesser of the Aggregate Commitments of all Revolving Credit Lenders in respect of the Revolving Credit Facility and £30,000,000. The UK Borrower Sublimit is part of, and not in addition to, the Revolving Credit Facility.

**SECTION II.** **CONDITIONS TO EFFECTIVENESS**

This Amendment shall become effective upon the satisfaction or waiver of all of the following conditions precedent (the date of satisfaction or waiver of such conditions being referred to herein as the “**First Amendment Effective Date**”):

1. This Amendment shall have been duly executed by each Borrower, each other Loan Party, the Administrative Agent, Lenders which collectively constitute the Required Lenders and each L/C Issuer and, in each case, duly executed counterparts thereof shall have been delivered to the Administrative Agent.
2. The Administrative Agent shall have received from the US Borrower payment in immediately available funds of all accrued costs, fees and expenses (including reasonable fees, expenses and other charges of counsel) owing to the Administrative Agent pursuant to Section 10.04 of the Credit Agreement and Section 10.04 of the Amended Credit Agreement, as applicable, in connection with this Amendment and the transactions contemplated hereby.
3. The Administrative Agent shall have received a certificate from a Responsible Officer of the US Borrower attesting to the compliance with clauses (d) and (e) of this Section II on the First Amendment Effective Date (which shall be an original, facsimile or “pdf” or similar electronic format unless otherwise specified and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent and its legal counsel).
4. The representations and warranties of the Loan Parties set forth in Section III hereof shall be true and correct in all material respects, except for any representation and warranty that is qualified by materiality or reference to Material Adverse Effect, which such representation and warranty shall be true and correct in all respects.
5. No Default or Event of Default shall exist or be continuing before or after giving effect to this Amendment and the other transactions contemplated hereby.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, for purposes of determining compliance with the conditions specified in this Section II, each Lender party hereto and L/C Issuer shall be deemed satisfied with each document and each other matter required to be reasonably satisfactory to such Lender or L/C Issuer unless, prior to the First Amendment Effective Date, the Administrative Agent receives notice from such Lender or L/C Issuer specifying such Lender’s or L/C Issuer’s objections.

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**SECTION III.** **REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES**

In order to induce the Administrative Agent and each of the Lenders party hereto and L/C Issuers to enter into this Amendment and to amend the Credit Agreement in the manner provided herein, each Loan Party represents and warrants on and as of the First Amendment Effective Date to the Administrative Agent and each of the Lenders party hereto and L/C Issuers as follows:

**3.1** **Existence, Qualification and Power.** Each Loan Party and each of its Restricted Subsidiaries (a) is a Person dulyorganized, incorporated or formed, validly existing and, where applicable, in good standing under the Laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or organization and (b) has all requisite power and authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under this Amendment and the other Loan Documents to which it is a party, except in the case of clause (a) (other than with respect to the Borrowers), to the extent that failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

**3.2** **Authorization; No Contravention.**

* 1. The execution, delivery and performance by each Loan Party of this Amendment are within such Loan Party’s corporate or other powers and have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or other organizational action.
	2. The execution, delivery and performance by each Loan Party of this Amendment do not and will not
1. contravene the terms of any of such Person’s Organization Documents, (B) conflict with or result in any default, breach or contravention of, or the creation of any Lien under, or require any payment to be made under (x) (1) any Junior Financing Documentation or (2) any other Contractual Obligation to which such Person is a party or affecting such Person or the properties of such Person or any of its Subsidiaries or (y) any order, injunction, writ or decree of any Governmental Authority or any arbitral award to which such Person or its property is subject or (C) violate any Law, except with respect to any conflict, default, breach, contravention, payment or violation referred to in clause (B) or (C), to the extent that such conflict, breach, contravention, payment or violation could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

**3.3** **Governmental Authorization; Other Consents.** No approval, consent, exemption, authorization, or other action by,or notice to, or filing with, any Governmental Authority or any other Person is necessary or required in connection with the execution, delivery or performance by any Loan Party of this Amendment except (i) the approvals, consents, exemptions, authorizations, actions, notices and filings which have been duly obtained, taken, given or made and are in full force and effect and (ii) those approvals, consents, exemptions, authorizations or other actions, notices or filings the failure of which to obtain or make could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

**3.4** **Binding Effect.** This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by each Loan Party that is party thereto. ThisAmendment and the Amended Credit Agreement constitute a legal, valid and binding obligation of each Loan Party that is party thereto, enforceable against such Loan Party in accordance with its respective terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by Debtor Relief Laws or other Laws affecting creditors’ rights generally and by general principles of equity.

**3.5** **Incorporation of Representations and Warranties from Loan Documents.** The representations and warrantiesmade by any Loan Party in the Credit Agreement and in each other

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Loan Document are true and correct in all material respects (and in all respects if qualified by materiality) on and as of the First Amendment Effective Date (except in the case of any representation and warranty which expressly relates to a given date or period, which representation and warranty was true and correct in all material respects (and in all respects if qualified by materiality) as of the respective date or for the respective period, as the case may be).

**3.6** **Absence of Defaults.** No event has occurred and is continuing or will result from the consummation of thetransactions contemplated by this Amendment that would constitute a Default or an Event of Default.

**SECTION IV.** **ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND CONSENT**

Each Loan Party hereby confirms its pledges, grants of security interests and other obligations, as applicable, under and subject to the terms of each of the Loan Documents to which it is party, and agrees that, notwithstanding the effectiveness of this Amendment or any of the transactions contemplated thereby, such pledges, grants of security interests and other obligations, and the terms of each of the Loan Documents to which it is a party, as supplemented, amended, amended and restated or otherwise modified in connection with this Amendment and the transactions contemplated hereby, are not impaired or affected in any manner whatsoever and shall continue to be in full force and effect and shall continue to secure all of the Obligations.

Each Loan Party hereby acknowledges that it has reviewed the terms and provisions of the Credit Agreement, the Collateral Documents to which it is a party, and this Amendment and consents to the amendment of the Credit Agreement effected pursuant to this Amendment. Each Loan Party hereby confirms that each Loan Document to which it is a party or otherwise bound and all Collateral encumbered thereby will continue to guarantee or secure, as the case may be, to the fullest extent possible in accordance with the Loan Documents the payment and performance of all “Obligations” under each of the Loan Documents to which it is a party (in each case, as such terms are defined in the applicable Loan Document).

Each Loan Party acknowledges and agrees that each of the Loan Documents to which it is a party or otherwise bound shall continue in full force and effect and that all of its obligations thereunder shall be valid and enforceable and shall not be impaired or limited by the execution or effectiveness of this Amendment.

Each Guarantor acknowledges and agrees that (i) notwithstanding the conditions to effectiveness set forth in this Amendment, such Guarantor is not required by the terms of the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document to consent to the amendments to the Credit Agreement effected pursuant to this Amendment and (ii) nothing in the Credit Agreement, this Amendment or any other Loan Document shall be deemed to require the consent of such Guarantor to any future amendments to the Amended Credit Agreement.

**SECTION V. MISCELLANEOUS**

**5.1** **Reference to and Effect on the Credit Agreement and the Other Loan Documents.**

1. On and after the First Amendment Effective Date, each reference in the Amended Credit Agreement to “this Agreement”, “hereunder”, “hereof”, “herein” or words of like import referring to the Credit Agreement, and each reference in the other Loan Documents to

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the “Credit Agreement”, “thereunder”, “thereof” or words of like import referring to the Credit Agreement shall mean and be a reference to the Amended Credit Agreement.

1. Except as specifically amended by this Amendment, the Amended Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall remain in full force and effect and are hereby ratified and confirmed.
2. The execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment shall not constitute a waiver of any provision of, or operate as a waiver of any right, power or remedy of any Agent or Lender under the Amended Credit Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents.

**5.2** **Headings.** Section headings herein and in the other Loan Documents are included for convenience only, and neitherlimit nor amplify the provisions of this Amendment or any other Loan Document.

**5.3** **Loan Document.** This Amendment shall constitute a “Loan Document” under the terms of the Amended CreditAgreement.

**5.4** **Applicable Law; Miscellaneous. THIS AMENDMENT AND ANY CLAIM, CONTROVERSY, DISPUTE OR CAUSE OF ACTION (WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE) BASED UPON, ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AMENDMENT AND THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.** The provisions ofSection 10.16(b)andSection 10.17of the Amended Credit Agreementare incorporated by reference herein and made a part hereof.

**5.5** **Counterparts.** This Amendment may be executed in counterparts (and by different parties hereto in differentcounterparts), each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which when taken together shall constitute a single contract. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page of this Amendment by facsimile or other electronic (i.e., “pdf” or “tif”) format shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Amendment.

**5.6** **No Novation.** Each of the parties hereto acknowledges and agrees that the terms of this Amendment do not constitutea novation but, rather, an amendment of the terms of a pre-existing Indebtedness and related agreement, as evidenced by the Amended Credit Agreement.

[*Remainder of this page intentionally left blank.*]

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**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered bytheir respective officers thereunto duly authorized as of the date first written above.

**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**, as Holdings

By: /s/ William C. Burke



Name:William C. Burke



Title: Treasurer



**ACUSHNET COMPANY**, as US Borrower

By: /s/ Walter R. Uihlein



Name:Walter R. Uihlein



Title: President & CEO



**ACUSHNET CANADA INC.**, as Canadian Borrower

By: /s/ Ted Manning



Name:Ted Manning



Title: President



**ACUSHNET EUROPE LIMITED**, as UK Borrower

By: /s/ George E. Sine



Name:George E. Sine



Title: Director



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**ACUSHNET INTERNATIONAL INC.**, as Foreign

Guarantor

By: /s/ William C. Burke



Name:William C. Burke



Title: President



**AASI INC.**, as a Subsidiary Guarantor

By: /s/ William C. Burke



Name:William C. Burke



Title: President



**WEBB ACQUISITION CO.**, as a Subsidiary

Guarantor

By: /s/ William C. Burke



Name:William B. Burke



Title: President



**ACUSHNET JAPAN INC.**, as a Subsidiary Guarantor

By: /s/ William C. Burke



Name:William C. Burke



Title: Vice President & Treasurer



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL**

**ASSOCIATION**, as Administrative Agent, an L/C

Issuer and a Lender

By: /s/ Christopher Diehl

Name: Christopher Diehl



Title: Vice President



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Michael Richards |
| Name: | Michael Richards |
| Title: | SVP and Managing Director |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Joon Hur |
| Name: | Joon Hur |
| Title: | Vice President |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., TORONTO**

**BRANCH**, as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Deborah Booth |
| Name: | Deborah Booth |
| Title: | Executive Director |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**MORGAN STANLEY BANK, N.A.**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Jonathan Kerner |
| Name: | Jonathan Kerner |
| Title: | Authorized Signatory |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**THE BANK OF TOKYO-MITSUBISHI UFJ, LTD.**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Mustafa Khan |
| Name: | Mustafa Khan |
| Title: | Director |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**BANK OF MONTREAL**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Marc Maslanka |
| Name: | Marc Maslanka |
| Title: | Vice President |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**BANK OF MONTREAL**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Sean P. Gallaway |
| Name: |  | Sean P. Gallaway |
| Title: |  | Director |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**BANK OF MONTREAL**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Anthony Ebdon |
| Name: | Anthony Ebdon |
| Title: | MD |
| By: | /s/ Scott Matthews |
| Name: | Scott Matthews |
| Title: | MD |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**BANK OF THE WEST**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Harry Yergey |
| Name: | Harry Yergey |
| Title: | Managing Director |
| By: | /s/ Michael Weinert |
| Name: | Michael Weinert |
| Title: | Director |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**BRANCH BANKING AND TRUST COMPANY**,

as a Lender

By: /s/ Trevor H. Williams

Name: Trevor H. Williams



Title: Assistant Vice President



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**TD BANK, N.A.**,

as a Lender

By: /s/ Jason Siewert

Name: Jason Siewert



Title: Senior Vice President



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**PEOPLE’S UNITED BANK, N.A.**,

as a Lender

By: /s/ Darci Buchanan

Name: Darci Buchanan



Title: Senior Vice President



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**THE HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK**,

as a Lender

By: /s/ Jared Shaner

Name: Jared Shaner



Title: Vice President



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**UBS AG, STAMFORD BRANCH**,

as a Lender

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| By: | /s/ Darlene Arias |
| Name: | Darlene Arias |
| Title: | Director |
| By: | /s/ Kenneth Chin |
| Name: | Kenneth Chin |
| Title: | Director |

[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**NOMURA CORPORATE FUNDING AMERICAS,**

**LLC**,

as a Lender

By: /s/ Andrew Keith

Name: Andrew Keith



Title: Executive Director



[Signature Page to First Amendment]



**Exhibit 10.2**

**FORM OF**

**ACUSHNET HOLDINGS CORP.**

**INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS DEFERRAL PLAN**

**ELECTION FORM**

In connection with your service as a director of Acushnet Holdings Corp. (the “**Company**”), you will be eligible to receive restricted stock units (“**Stock Units**”) under the Acushnet Holdings Corp. 2015 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “**Incentive Plan**”).

Please complete this Election Form if you wish to defer receipt of all or any portion of the shares of Common Stock (as defined in the Incentive Plan) issuable with respect to such Stock Units (other than shares of Common Stock issuable in respect of Stock Units covering the period of service from October 27, 2016 through June 12, 2017, which may not be deferred).

Any deferrals you make regarding such Stock Units will be governed by the Company’s Independent Directors Deferral Plan (the “**Deferral Plan**”) and this Election Form. If you do not complete this Election Form, all shares of Common Stock issuable with respect to such Stock Units will be distributed to you in accordance with the terms of the Incentive Plan and the award documents governing such Stock Units. We advise you to consult with your tax advisor prior to making elections under the Deferral Plan.

You must execute and return this Election Form on [DATE] to the Company at 333 Bridge Street, Fairhaven, Massachusetts 02719, Attn: Chief Human Resources Officer. This Election Form is irrevocable as of such date, except as otherwise provided in the Deferral Plan.



**Election to Defer Restricted Stock Units**

Shares of Common Stock issuable with respect to Stock Units will be distributed to you in accordance with the terms of the Incentive Plan and the award documents governing such Stock Units. Complete this Election Form if you wish to defer receipt of all or any portion of such shares of Common Stock. Indicate the percentage of such shares that you wish to defer and the time at which you wish to receive such shares of Common Stock.

I hereby elect to defer receipt of \_\_\_% of any shares of Common Stock distributable to me with respect to any Stock Units granted following this election (rounded down to the nearest whole share) in respect of my annual Stock Unit grant(s). Please distribute such shares to me at the time indicated below. This election shall not apply to any Stock Units granted in respect of the period of service from October 27, 2016 through June 12, 2017, which may not be deferred.

Check one box only and insert the year, if applicable.

* June 1, 20\_\_\_
* The 60th day after I have a “separation from service” from the Company (within the meaning given of Treasury Regulation §1.409A-1(h) or successor guidance thereto)
* The earlier of (i) June 1, 20\_\_\_ and (ii) the 60th day after I have a “separation from service” from the Company (within the meaning given of Treasury Regulation §1.409A-1(h) or successor guidance thereto)

I understand that any shares of Common Stock that I have not elected to defer under this Election Form will be distributed to me in accordance with the terms of the Incentive Plan and the award documents governing such Stock Units.

I acknowledge that I have received copies of the Incentive Plan and the Deferral Plan. I understand that this Election Form will remain in effect for any shares of Common Stock distributable to me with respect to any Stock Units granted following this election (rounded down to the nearest whole share) in respect of my annual Stock Unit grant(s) until I modify this Election Form by executing and returning to the Chief Human Resources Officer a new Election Form or I revoke this Election Form by providing written notice to the Chief Human Resources Officer, in each case in accordance with the terms of the Deferral Plan.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| [Director’s Name] |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

**Exhibit 31.1**

**CERTIFICATIONS**

I, Walter Uihlein, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Acushnet Holdings Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
	1. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
	2. [Reserved]
	3. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
	4. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
	1. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
	2. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2017

/s/ Walter Uihlein

Name: Walter Uihlein



*President and Chief Executive Officer*



**Exhibit 31.2**

**CERTIFICATIONS**

I, William Burke, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Acushnet Holdings Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
	1. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
	2. [Reserved]
	3. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
	4. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
	1. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
	2. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2017

/s/ William Burke

Name: William Burke



*Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and*

*Treasurer*



**Exhibit 32.1**

**CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC FINANCIAL REPORTS**

I, Walter Uihlein, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, (the “Periodic Report”) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. information contained in the Periodic Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Acushnet Holdings Corp.

Date: August 11, 2017

/s/ Walter Uihlein

Name: Walter Uihlein



*President and Chief Executive Officer*



**Exhibit 32.2**

**CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC FINANCIAL REPORTS**

I, William Burke, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C.

Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, (the “Periodic Report”) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. information contained in the Periodic Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Acushnet Holdings Corp.

Date: August 11, 2017

/s/ William Burke

Name: William Burke



*Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and*

*Treasurer*

